

FWS-7360

Network Appliance

User's Manual 1st Ed

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Packing List

Before setting up your product, please make sure the following items have been shipped:

| Item | Quantity |
|------------|----------|
| ● FWS-7360 | 1 |

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

About this Document

This User's Manual contains all the essential information, such as detailed descriptions and explanations on the product's hardware and software features (if any), its specifications, dimensions, jumper/connector settings/definitions, and driver installation instructions (if any), to facilitate users in setting up their product.

Users may refer to the AAEON.com for the latest version of this document.

Safety Precautions

Please read the following safety instructions carefully. It is advised that you keep this manual for future references

1. All cautions and warnings on the device should be noted.
2. All cables and adapters supplied by AAEON are certified and in accordance with the material safety laws and regulations of the country of sale. Do not use any cables or adapters not supplied by AAEON to prevent system malfunction or fires.
3. Make sure the power source matches the power rating of the device.
4. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
5. Always completely disconnect the power before working on the system's hardware.
6. No connections should be made when the system is powered as a sudden rush of power may damage sensitive electronic components.
7. If the device is not to be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power supply to avoid damage by transient over-voltage.
8. Always disconnect this device from any AC supply before cleaning.
9. While cleaning, use a damp cloth instead of liquid or spray detergents.
10. Make sure the device is installed near a power outlet and is easily accessible.
11. Keep this device away from humidity.
12. Place the device on a solid surface during installation to prevent falls
13. Do not cover the openings on the device to ensure optimal heat dissipation.
14. Watch out for high temperatures when the system is running.
15. Do not touch the heat sink or heat spreader when the system is running
16. Never pour any liquid into the openings. This could cause fire or electric shock.

17. As most electronic components are sensitive to static electrical charge, be sure to ground yourself to prevent static charge when installing the internal components. Use a grounding wrist strap and contain all electronic components in any static-shielded containers.
18. If any of the following situations arises, please the contact our service personnel:
 - i. Damaged power cord or plug
 - ii. Liquid intrusion to the device
 - iii. Exposure to moisture
 - iv. Device is not working as expected or in a manner as described in this manual
 - v. The device is dropped or damaged
 - vi. Any obvious signs of damage displayed on the device
19. **DO NOT LEAVE THIS DEVICE IN AN UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT WITH TEMPERATURES BEYOND THE DEVICE'S PERMITTED STORAGE TEMPERATURES (SEE CHAPTER 1) TO PREVENT DAMAGE.**

Warning!



This device complies with Part 15 FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution:

There is a danger of explosion if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions and your local government's recycling or disposal directives.

Attention:

Il y a un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée de façon incorrecte. Ne la remplacer qu'avec le même modèle ou équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Recycler les batteries usées en accord avec les instructions du fabricant et les directives gouvernementales de recyclage.

China RoHS Requirements (CN)

产品中有毒有害物质或元素名称及含量

AAEON Embedded Box PC/ Industrial System

| 部件名称 | 有毒有害物质或元素 | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | 铅 (Pb) | 汞 (Hg) | 镉 (Cd) | 六价铬 (Cr(VI)) | 多溴联苯 (PBB) | 多溴二苯醚 (PBDE) |
| 印刷电路板 及其电子组件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 外部信号 连接器及线材 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 外壳 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 中央处理器 与内存 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 硬盘 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 电源 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| <p>O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。</p> <p>X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。</p> <p>备注： 一、此产品所标示之环保使用期限，系指在一般正常使用状况下。 二、上述部件物质中央处理器、内存、硬盘、光驱、触控模块为选购品。</p> | | | | | | |

China RoHS Requirement (EN)

Poisonous or Hazardous Substances or Elements in Products
AAEON Embedded Box PC/ Industrial System

| Component | Poisonous or Hazardous Substances or Elements | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Lead (Pb) | Mercury (Hg) | Cadmium (Cd) | Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI)) | Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB) | Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE) |
| PCB & Other Components | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Wires & Connectors for External Connections | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Chassis | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| CPU & RAM | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Hard Disk | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| PSU | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |

O: The quantity of poisonous or hazardous substances or elements found in each of the component's parts is below the SJ/T 11363-2006-stipulated requirement.

X: The quantity of poisonous or hazardous substances or elements found in at least one of the component's parts is beyond the SJ/T 11363-2006-stipulated requirement.

Note: The Environment Friendly Use Period as labeled on this product is applicable under normal usage only

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Chapter 1

Product Specifications

1.1 Specifications

Platform

- **Form Factor** 1U Rackmount Network Platform
- **Processor** Intel® Denverton C3000 Series C3758 C3858 C3958
- **Chipset** SoC
- **System Memory** DDR4 U-DIMM ECC DIMM Up to 64GB

Network

- **Ethernet** Intel® i211 Gigabit Ethernet x 2 , Marvell 88E1543 x 1(2 Port RJ45)
SFP+ from CPU
- **Bypass** 2 Pairs
- **NIM Slot** 1

Display

- **Graphics Controller** -
- **Connector** VGA Option

Storage

- **HDD** Internal 2.5" HDD x 2
- **CF/CFast/mSATA** mSATA maxima x 2 (Option)

Expansion / Internal Interface

- PCIe Slot NIM x 1 or PCIe [x8] x 1
- Mini Card Mini PCIe maxima x 2 (Option)
- IPMI -
- Keyboard and Mouse -
- USB USB 3.0 x 2

Miscellaneous

- RTC Internal RTC
- Watchdog Timer 1~255 steps by software programmable
- Software Button -
- TPM Optional
- GPIO -
- Fan 1
- MTBF (Hours) TBD
- Color Black

Physical & Environmental Spec

- Power Requirement TBD
- Operating Temperature 32°F ~ 104°F (0°C ~ 40°C)
- Storage Temperature -4°F ~ 140°F (-20°C ~ 60°C)

- **Operating Humidity** 10 ~ 80%
- **Storage Humidity** 10 ~ 80% @ 40°C, non-condensing
- **Vibration** 0.5 Grms/ 5 ~ 500Hz/ operation (3.5" H.D.D)
1.5 Grms/ 5 ~ 500Hz/ no operation
- **Shock** 10G peak acceleration (11 m sec. duration),
operation
20G peak acceleration (11 m sec. duration),
non-operation
- **Dimension (W x D x H)** 430mm x 305mm x 44mm

I/O Interface

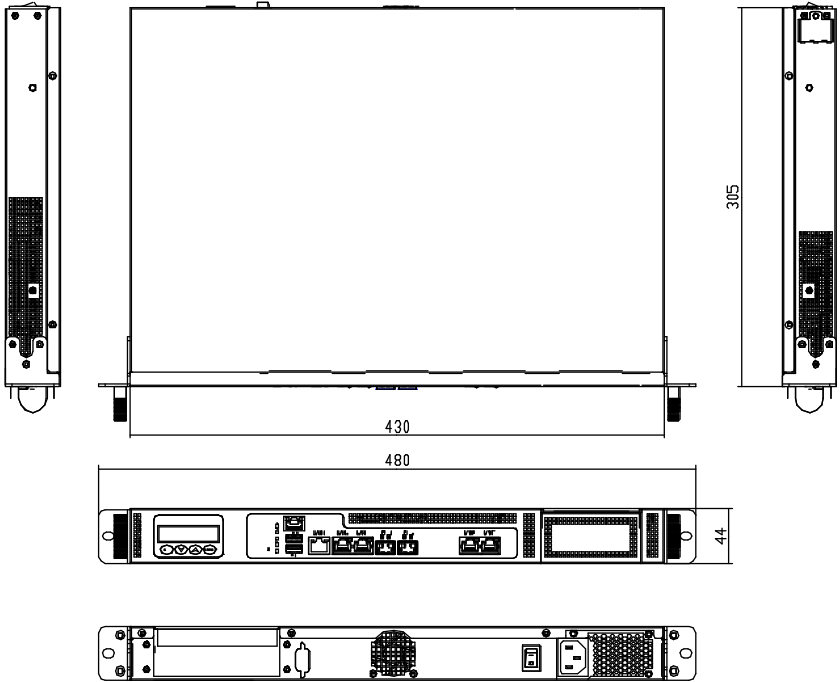
- **Front Panel** Power LED x 1 ADD Bypass LED x 2
Status LED x 1
HDD Active LED x 1
- **Rear Panel** AC Power Input x 1
Power Switch x 1
VGA port (Optional)
Rear Expansion Slot x 1(Optional)

Chapter 2

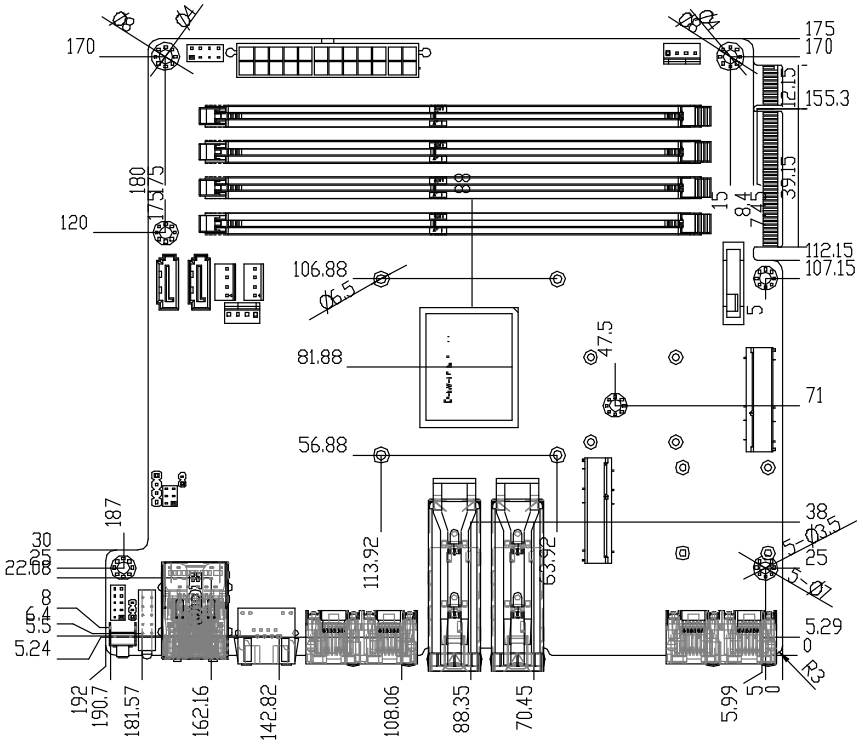
Hardware Information

2.1 Dimensions

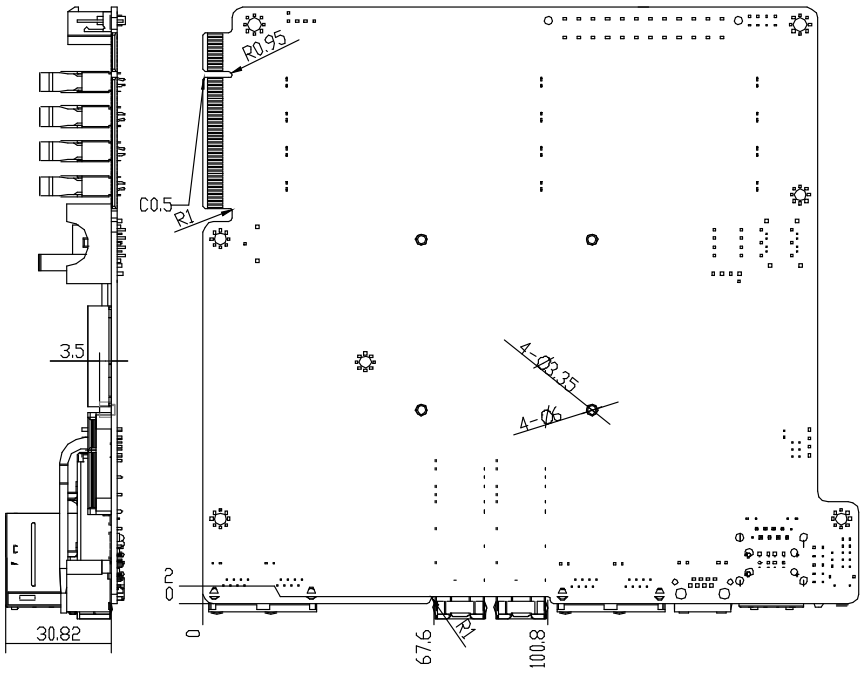
System



Component Side

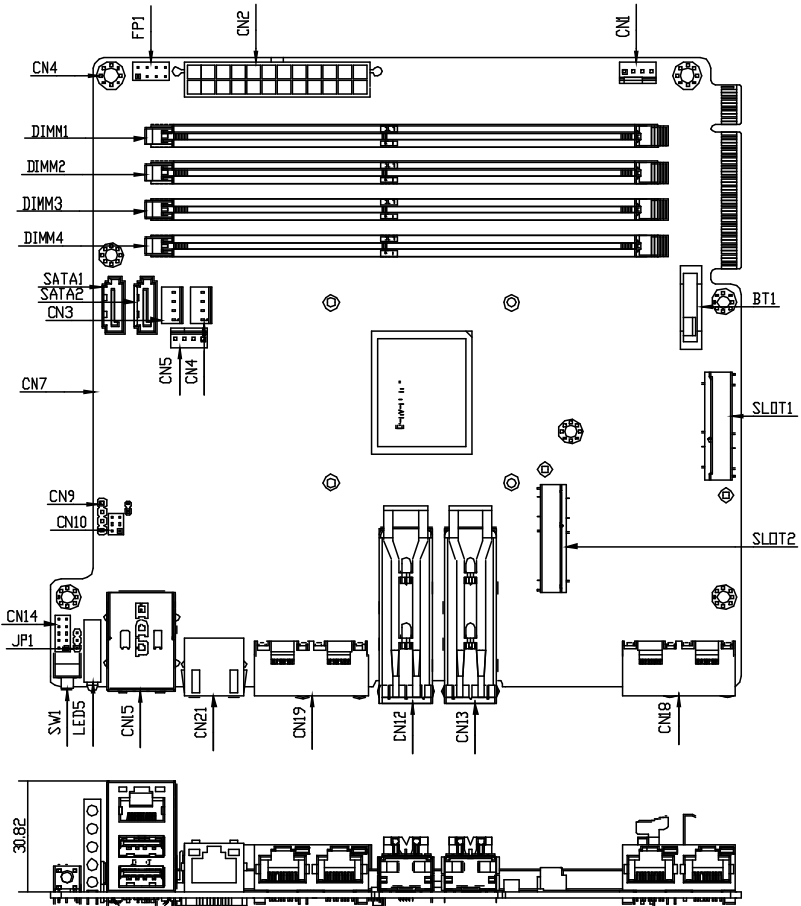


Solder Side

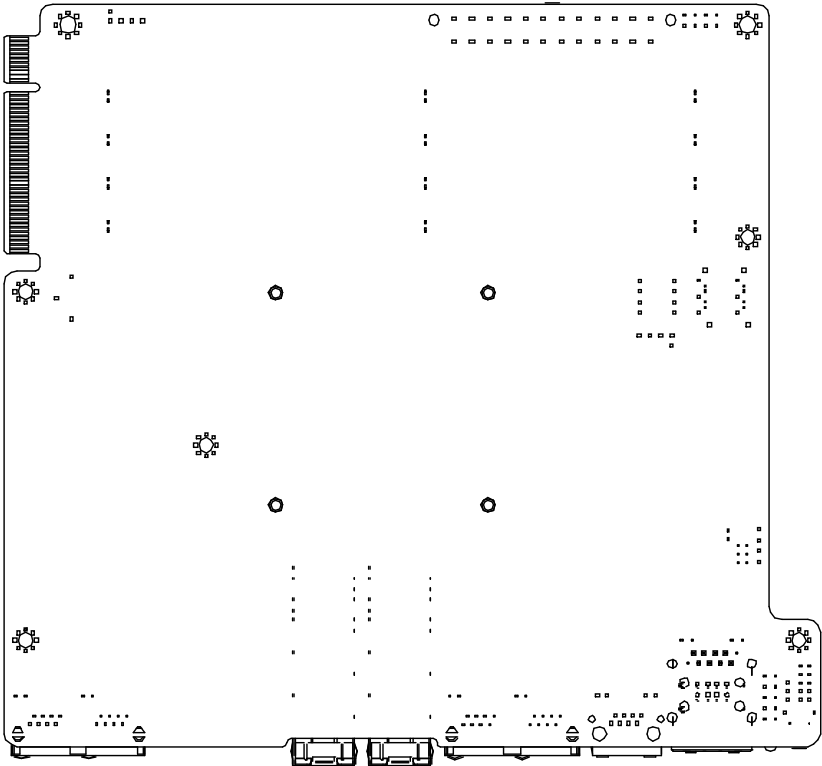


2.2 Jumpers and Connectors

Component Side



Solder Side



2.3 Jump Settings

2.3.1 Auto Power Button (JP1)

| | |
|---------------|-----|
| Normal | 1-2 |
| Auto power on | 2-3 |

2.3.2 Clear CMOS (CN10)

| | |
|------------|---------|
| Normal | 1-3,2-4 |
| Clear CMOS | 3-5,4-6 |

2.4 Connector Pin Assignments

2.4.1 Front Panel (FP1)

| Pin | Signal | Pin | Signal |
|-----|------------|-----|------------|
| 1 | FB_PWSIN# | 2 | GND |
| 3 | RESET | 4 | GND |
| 5 | Power LED+ | 6 | Power LED- |
| 7 | HDD LED+ | 8 | HDD LED- |

2.4.2 CASEOPEN Pin Header (CN8)

| Pin | Signal | Pin | Signal |
|-----|----------|-----|--------|
| 1 | CaseOpen | 2 | GND |

2.4.3 LCM KeyPad Header (CN9)

| Pin | Signal | Pin | Signal |
|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| 1 | Down | 2 | Up |
| 3 | Right | 4 | Left |

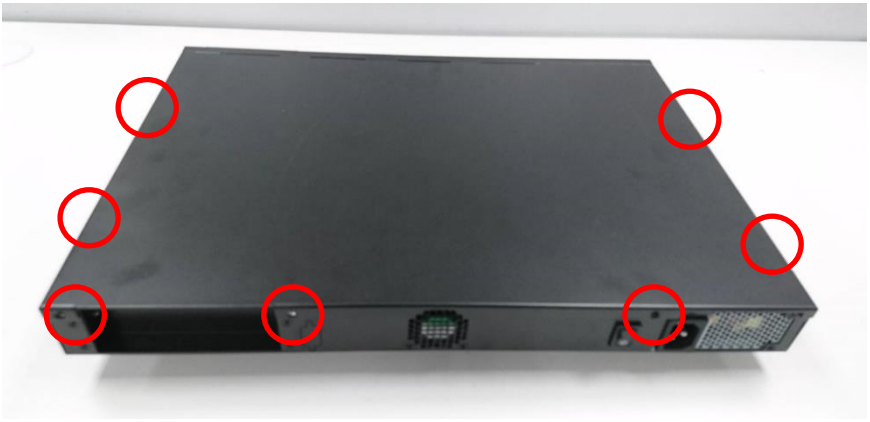
2.4.4 Digital IO Pin Header (CN14)

| Pin | Signal | Pin | Signal |
|-----|----------|-----|----------|
| 1 | DIO bit1 | 2 | DIO bit2 |
| 3 | DIO bit3 | 4 | DIO bit4 |
| 5 | DIO bit5 | 6 | DIO bit6 |

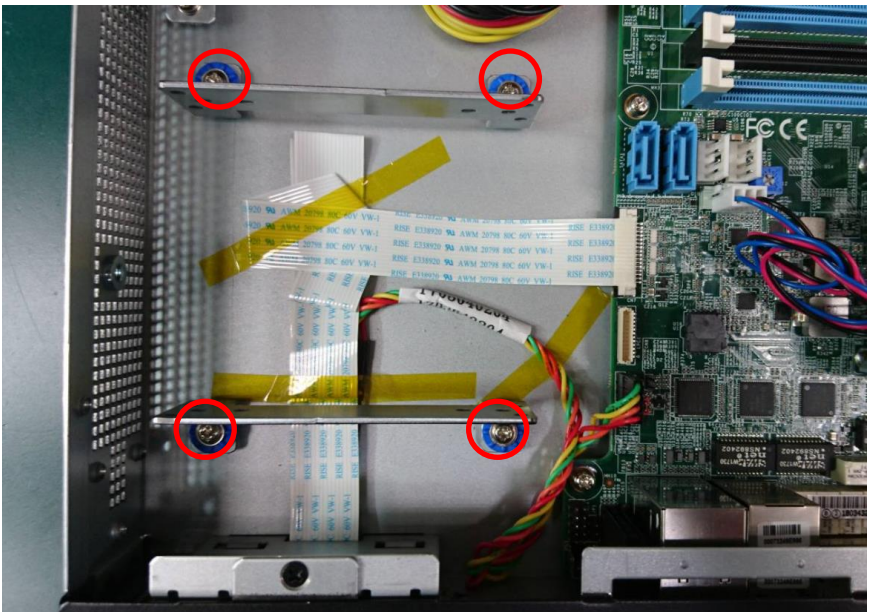
| | | | |
|---|----------|----|----------|
| 7 | DIO bit7 | 8 | DIO bit8 |
| 9 | +5V | 10 | GND |

2.5 Installing the 2.5"x2 Hard Disk Driver

1. Unscrew the upper lid



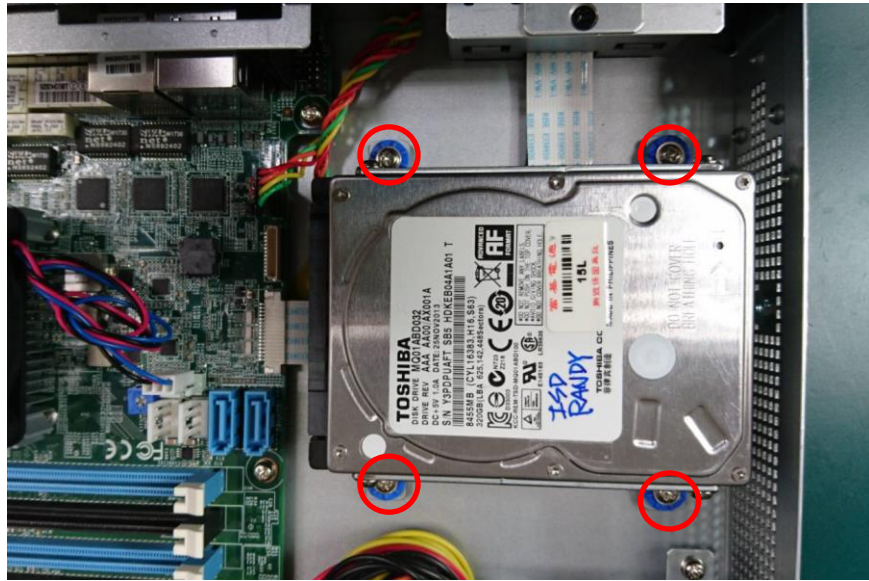
2. Remove the four screws



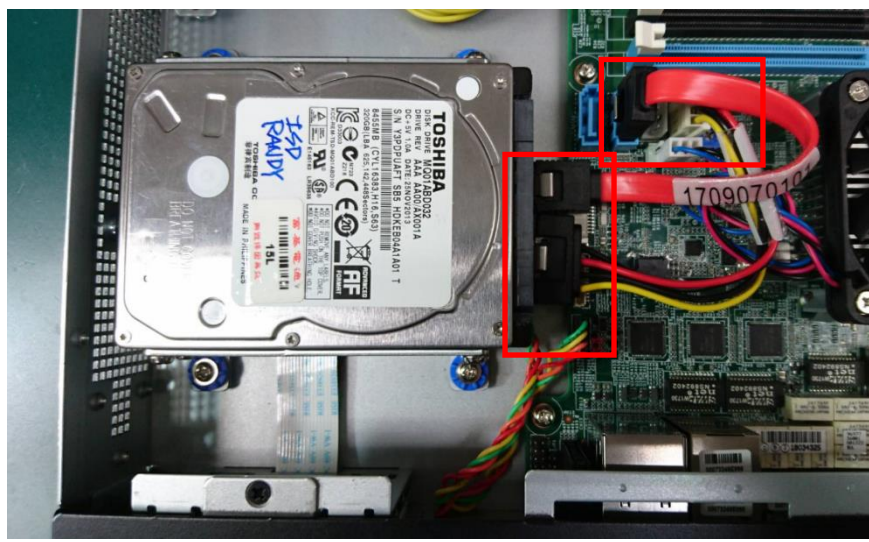
3. Secure the HDD to the HDD bracket with eight screws



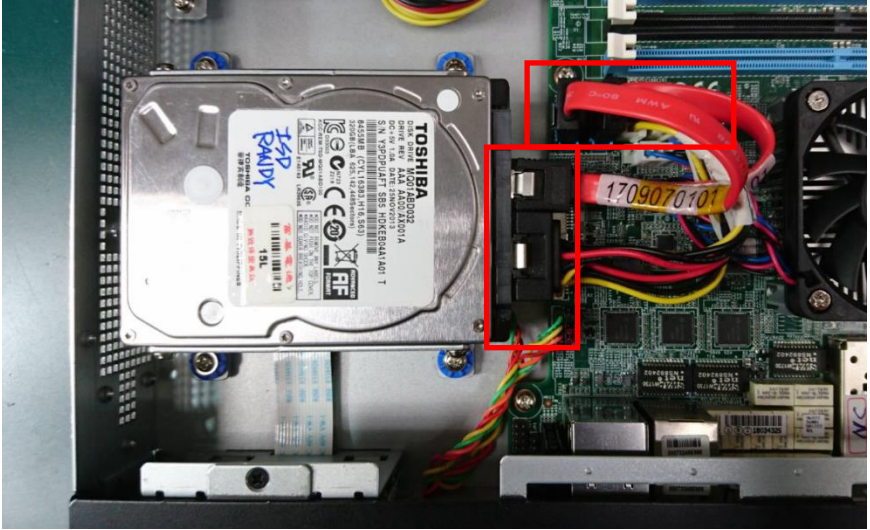
4. Secure the HDD bracket to the chassis with four screws



5. Connect the SATA and power cables to the lower hard disk



6. Connect the SATA and power cables to the upper hard disk



Chapter 3

AMI BIOS Setup

3.1 System Test and Initialization

The system uses certain routines to perform testing and initialization. If an error, fatal or non-fatal, is encountered, a few short beeps or an error message will be outputted. The board can usually continue the boot up sequence with non-fatal errors.

The system configuration verification routines check the current system configuration against the values stored in the CMOS memory. If they do not match, an error message will be outputted, in which case you will need to run the BIOS setup program to set the configuration information in memory.

There are three situations in which you will need to change the CMOS settings:

- You are starting your system for the first time
- You have changed your system's hardware
- The CMOS memory has lost power and the configuration information is erased

The system's CMOS memory uses a backup battery for data retention, which is to be replaced once emptied.

3.2 AMI BIOS Setup

The AMI BIOS ROM has a pre-installed Setup program that allows users to modify basic system configurations, which is stored in the battery-backed CMOS RAM and BIOS NVRAM so that the information is retained when the power is turned off.

To enter BIOS Setup, press or <F2> immediately while your computer is powering up.

The function for each interface can be found below.

Main – Date and time can be set here. Press <Tab> to switch between date elements

Advanced – Enable/ Disable boot option for legacy network devices

Boot – Enable/ Disable quiet Boot Option

Security – The setup administrator password can be set here

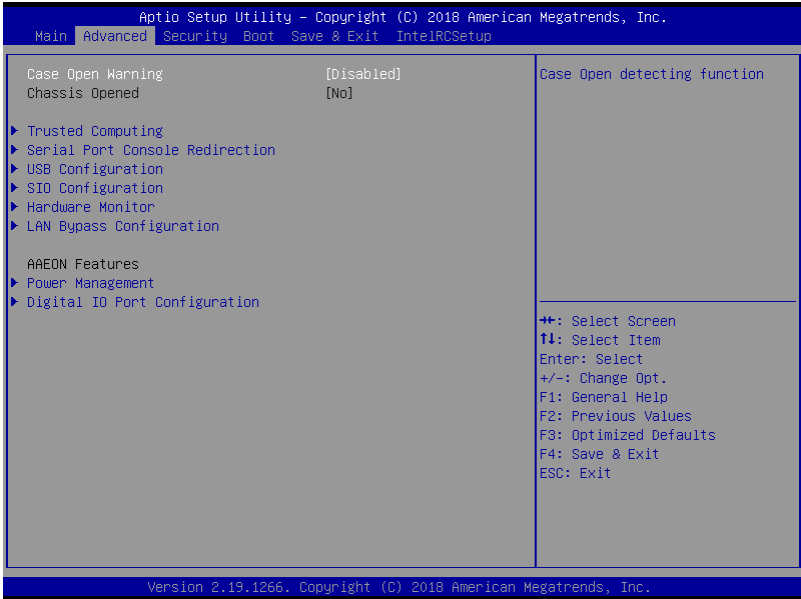
Save & Exit – Save your changes and exit the program

IntelRCSetup – For host bridge parameters

3.3 Setup Submenu: Main



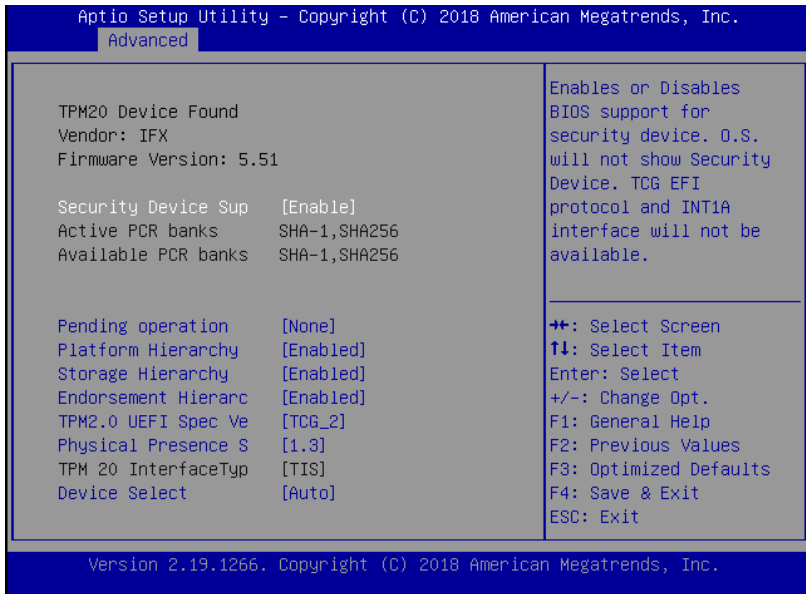
3.4 Setup Submenu: Advanced



Options summary:

| | | |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Case Open Warning | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| | Clear | |
| Case Open detecting function | | |

3.4.1 Advanced: Trusted Computing

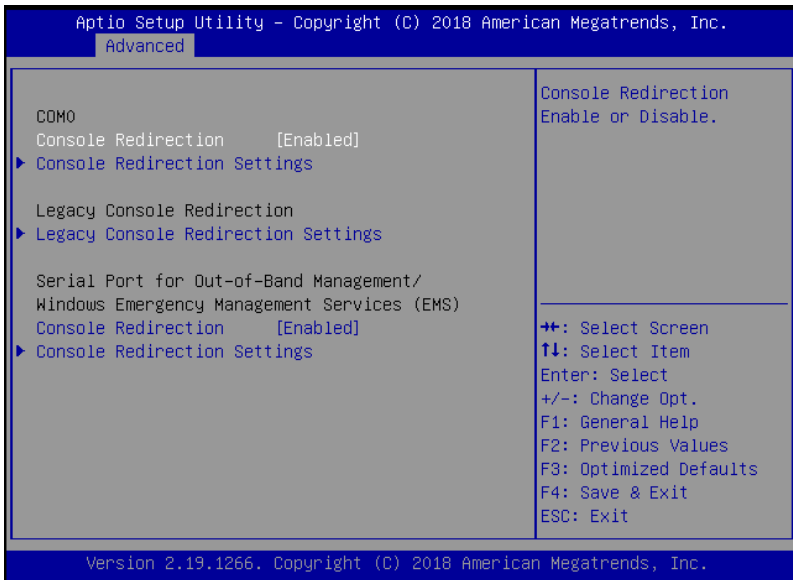


Options summary:

| | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Security Device Sup | Disable | |
| | Enable | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. | | |
| Pending operation | None | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | TPM Clear | |
| Schedule an Operation for the Security Device. NOTE: Your Computer will reboot during restart in order to change state of Security Device. | | |
| Platform Hierarchy | Disable | |
| | Enable | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Enable or Disable Platform Hierarchy | | |
| Storage Hierarchy | Disable | |
| | Enable | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Enable or Disable Storage Hierarchy | | |
| Endorsement Hierarchy | Disable | |
| | Enable | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |

| | | |
|---|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Enable or Disable Endorsement Hierarchy | | |
| TPM2.0 UEFI Spec | TCG_1_2 | |
| Version | TCG_2 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Select the TCG2 Spec Version Support, | | |
| TCG_1_2 : the Compatible mode for Win8/Win10 | | |
| TCG_2 : Support new TCG2 protocol and event | | |
| Physical Presence | 1.2 | |
| Spec Version | 1.3 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Select to Tell O.S. to support PPI Spec Version 1.2 or 1.3. Note some HCK tests might not support 1.3. | | |
| Device Select | TPM 1.2 | |
| | TPM 2.0 | |
| | Auto | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 device, TPM 2.0 will restrict support to TPM 2.0 devices, Auto will support both with the default set to TPM 2.0 devices if not found, TPM 1.2 device will be enumerated. | | |

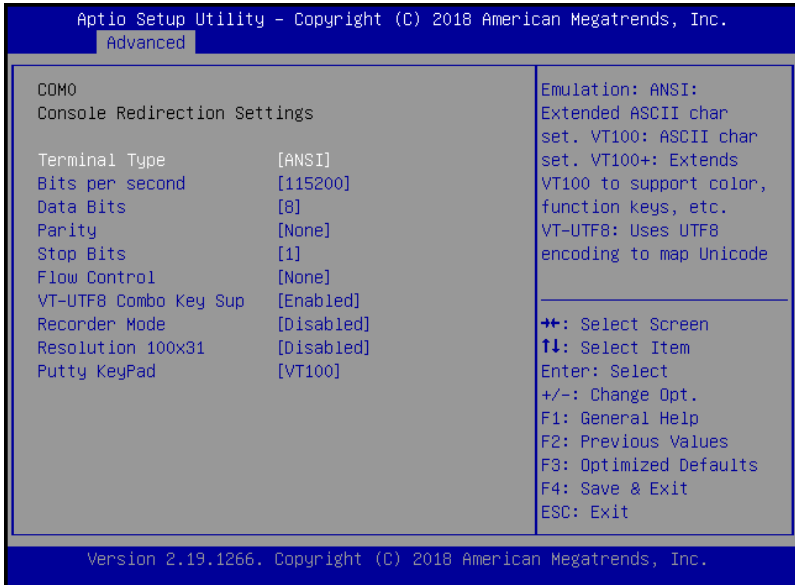
3.4.2 Advanced: Serial Port Console Redirection



Options summary:

| | | |
|---|----------|-----------------------------------|
| COM0 | | |
| Console Redirection | Disabled | |
| | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Console Redirection Enable or Disable. | | |
| Console Redirection Settings | | |
| Legacy Console Redirection | | |
| Legacy Console Redirection Settings | | |
| Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services | | |
| Console Redirection | Disabled | |
| | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Console Redirection Enable or Disable. | | |
| Console Redirection Settings | | |

3.4.2.1 COM0 Console Redirection

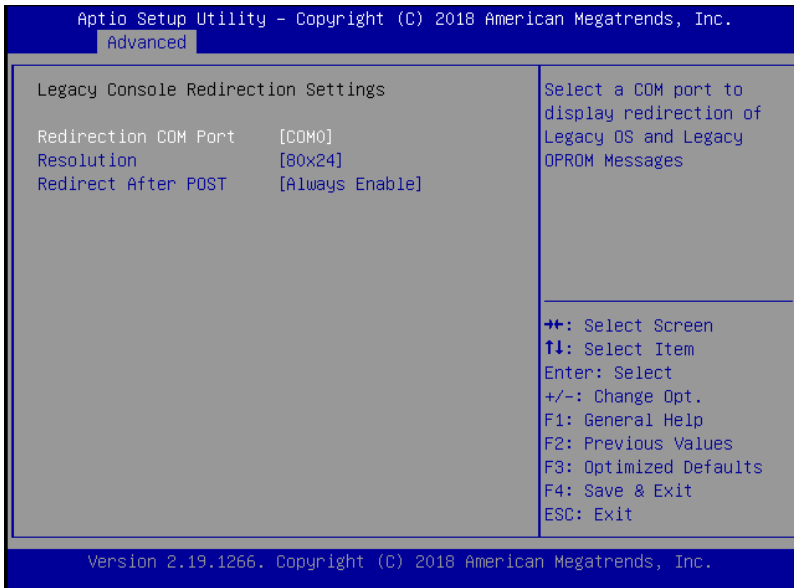


Options summary:

| | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Terminal Type | VT100 | |
| | VY100+ | |
| | VT-UTF8 | |
| | ANSI | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Emulation : | | |
| ANSI : Extended ASCII char set. | | |
| VT100 : ASCII char set. | | |
| VT100+ : Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc. | | |
| VT-UTF8 : Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode. | | |
| Bits per second | 9600 | |
| | 19200 | |
| | 38400 | |
| | 57600 | |
| | 11520 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. | | |
| Data bit | 7 | |

| | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 8 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Data Bits | | |
| Parity | None | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Even | |
| | Odd | |
| | Mark | |
| | Space | |
| A Parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. Even : parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even. Odd : parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is odd. | | |
| Stop Bits | 1 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | 2 | |
| Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may. | | |
| Flow control | None | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Hardware RTS/CTS | |
| Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the | | |
| VT-UTF8 Combo | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Key Support | Disabled | |
| Enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. | | |
| Recorder Mode | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data. | | |
| Resolution 100x31 | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Enables or disables extended terminal resolution. | | |
| Putty KeyPad | VT100 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | LINUX | |
| | XTERMR6 | |
| | SCO | |
| | ESCN | |
| | VT400 | |
| Select FunctionKey and KeyPad on Putty. | | |

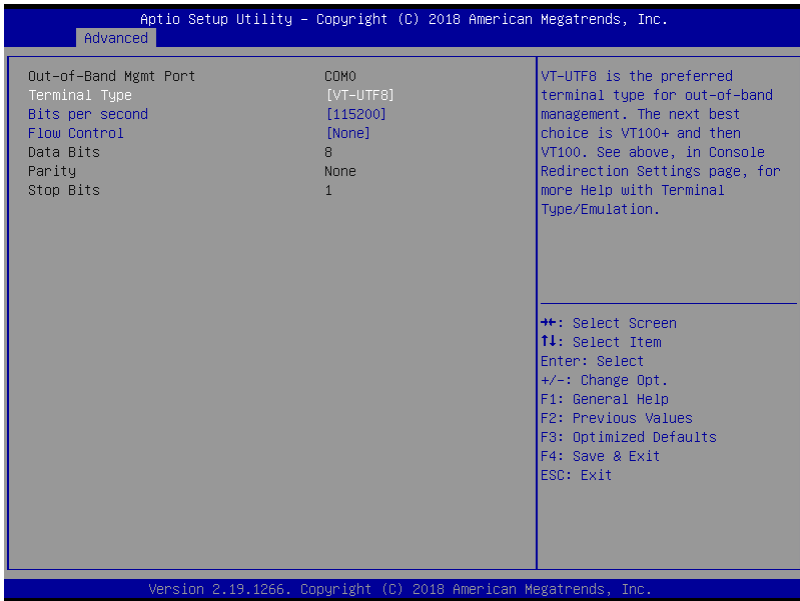
3.4.2.2 Legacy Console Redirection Settings



Options summary:

| | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Redirection COM Port | COM0 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM Messages. | | |
| Resolution | 80x24 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | 80x25 | |
| On Legacy OS, the Number of Rows and Columns supported redirection. | | |
| Redirection After POST | Always Enable | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | BootLoader | |
| When BootLoader is selected, then Legacy Console Redirection is disabled before booting to legacy OS. When Always Enable is selected, then Legacy Console Redirection is | | |

3.4.2.3 Console Redirection Settings

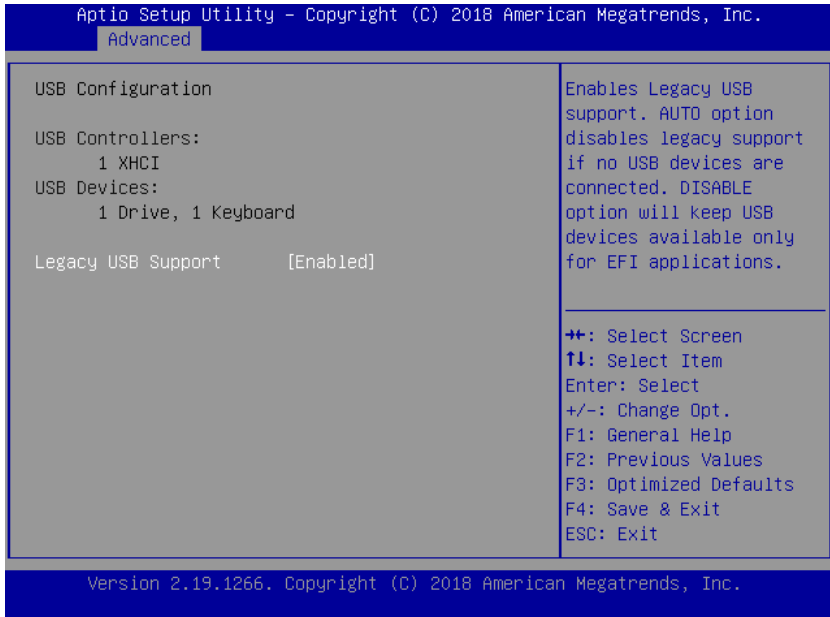


Options summary:

| | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Terminal Type | VT100 | |
| | VT100+ | |
| | VT-UTF8 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | ANSI | |
| VT-UTF8 is the preferred terminal type for out-of-band management. The next best choice is VT100+ and then VT100. See above, in Console Redirection Settings page, for more Help with Terminal Type/Emulation. | | |
| Bits per second | 9600 | |
| | 19200 | |
| | 57600 | |
| | 115200 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. | | |
| Flow Control | None | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Hardware RTS/CTS | |
| | Software Xon/Xoff | |

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

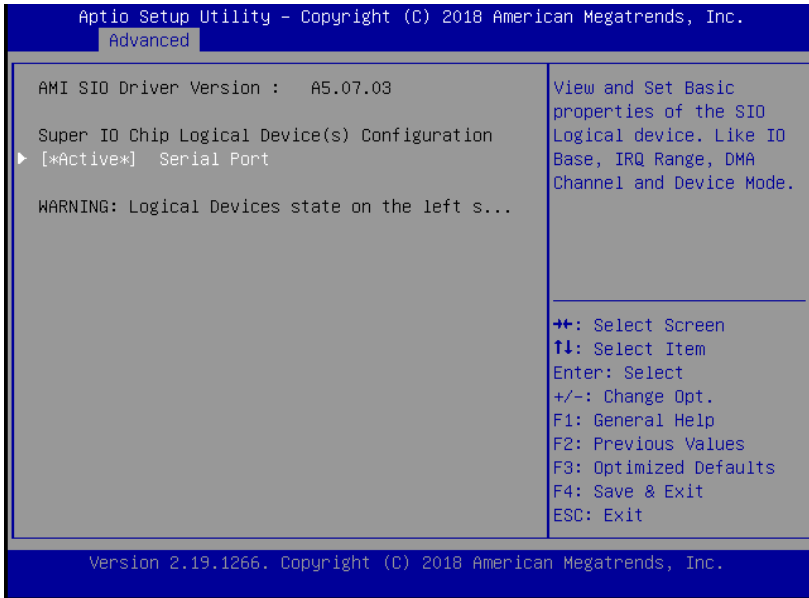
3.4.3 Advanced: USB Configuration



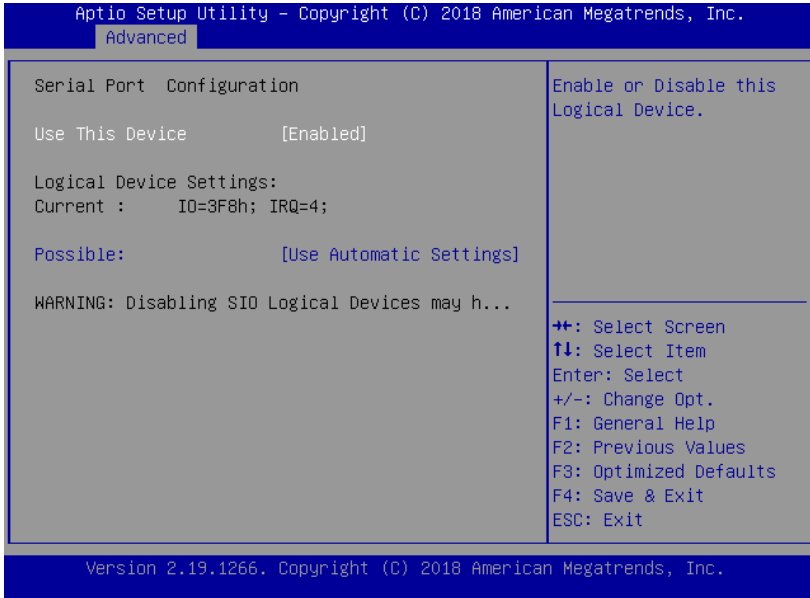
Options summary:

| | | |
|--|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Legacy USB Support | Disabled | |
| | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will keep USB devices available only for EFI applications. | | |

3.4.4 Advanced: SIO Configuration



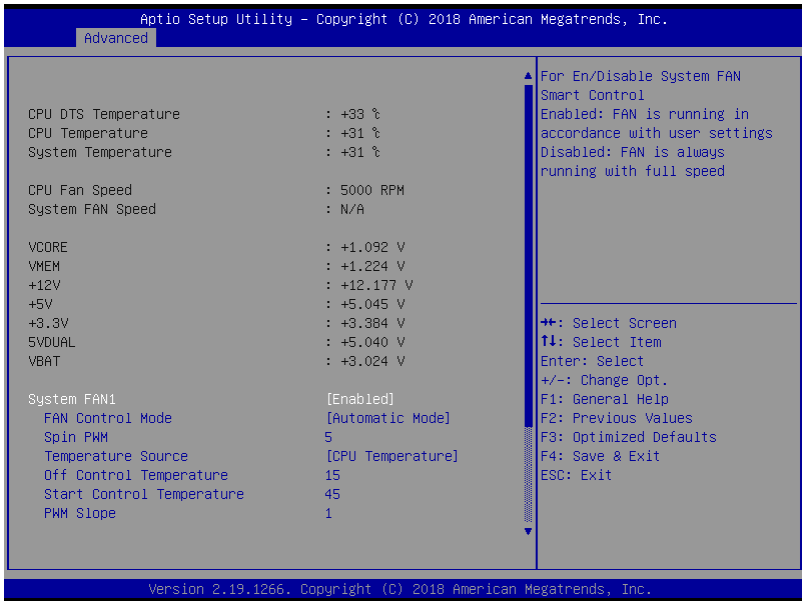
3.4.4.1 Serial Port Configuration



Options summary:

| | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Use This Device | Disabled | |
| | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Enable/Disable this Logical Device | | |
| Possible: | Use Automatic Settings | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | IO=3F8; IRQ=4; DMA; | |
| | IO=2C8; IRQ=11; DMA; | |
| Allow user to change Device's Resource settings. New settings will be reflected on This Setup Page after System restarts. | | |

3.4.5 Advanced: Hardware Monitor

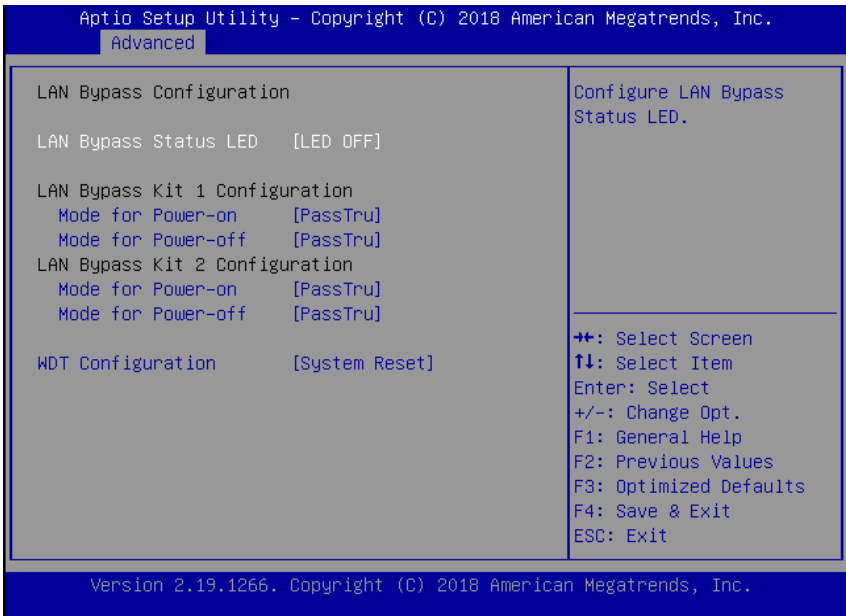


Options summary:

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| System Fan1 | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Disabled | |
| For En/Disable System FAN1 Smart Control Enabled: FAN is running in accordance with user settings Disabled: FAN is always running with full speed | | |
| FAN Control Mode | Automatic Mode | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Manual Mode | |
| Manual Mode: Depends on PWM Duty Automatic Mode: FAN Speed is depends on CPU Temperature | | |
| Spin PWM | 5 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| The PWM Duty of FAN Spin Range:[0 - 255] | | |
| Temperature Source | CPU Temperature | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | System Temperature | |
| Reference Temperature Input Selection. n0x00 : TMPIN1 n0x01 : TMPIN2 n0x02 : TMPIN3 | | |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Off Control Temperature | 15 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Temperature Limit Value of Fan Off\nNote: Some fans have the minimum speed even if the PWM value is 0 | | |
| Start Control Temperature | 45 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Temperature Limit Value of FAN Start Control | | |
| PWM Slope | 1 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Slope PWM value/Degree C for FAN Speed Control\nRange:[1-15] | | |
| System Fan2 | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Disabled | |
| For En/Disable System FAN1 Smart Control\nEnabled: FAN is running in accordance with user settings\nDisabled: FAN is always running with full speed | | |
| FAN Control Mode | Automatic Mode | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Manual Mode | |
| Manual Mode: Depends on PWM Duty\nAutomatic Mode: FAN Speed is depends on CPU Temperature | | |
| Spin PWM | 5 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| The PWM Duty of FAN Spin\nRange:[0 - 255] | | |
| Temperature Source | CPU Temperature | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | System Temperature | |
| Reference Temperature Input Selection. n0x00 : TMPIN1 n0x01 : TMPIN2 n0x02 : TMPIN3 | | |
| Off Control Temperature | 15 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Temperature Limit Value of Fan Off\nNote: Some fans have the minimum speed even if the PWM value is 0 | | |
| Start Control Temperature | 45 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Temperature Limit Value of FAN Start Control | | |
| PWM Slope | 1 | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| Slope PWM value/Degree C for FAN Speed Control\nRange:[1-15] | | |

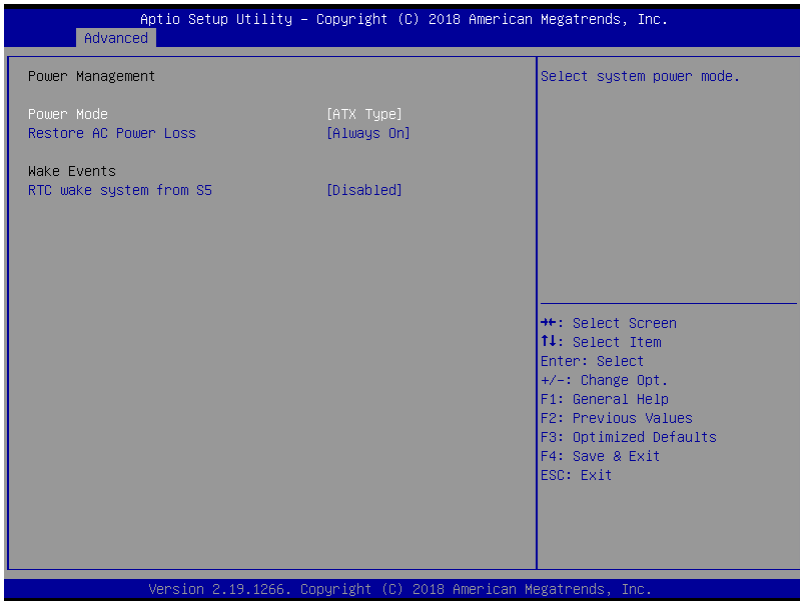
3.4.6 Advanced: LAN Bypass Configuration



Options summary:

| | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Configure LAN Bypass Status LED | LED OFF | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | RED LED ON | |
| | RED LED BLINK | |
| | RED LED FAST BLINK | |
| | GREEN LED ON | |
| | GREEN LED BLINK | |
| | GREEN LED FAST BLINK | |
| LAN Bypass Status LED | | |
| Mode for Power-on | ByPass | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | PassTru | |
| Configure LAN kit behavior when system in power-on state. (Bypass/Pass Through) | | |
| Mode for Power-off | ByPass | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | PassTru | |
| Configure LAN kit behavior when system in power-off state. (Bypass/Pass Through) | | |
| WDT Configuration | System Reset | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Force ByPass | |
| Configure LAN kit behavior when WDT is triggered. (Bypass/Pass Through) | | |

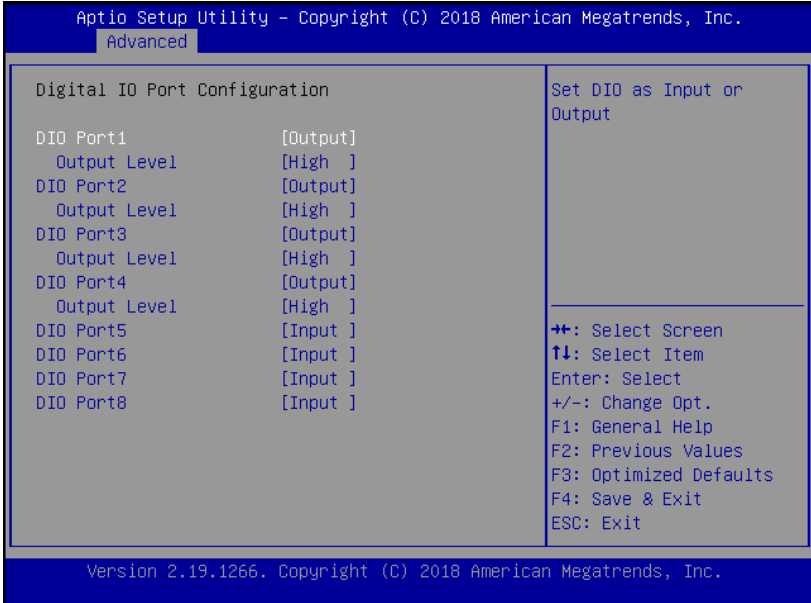
3.4.7 Advanced: Power Management



Options summary:

| | | |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Power Mode | ATX Type | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | AT Type | |
| Select power supply mode. | | |
| Restore AC Power Loss | Last State | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Always On | |
| | Always Off | |
| Select power state when power is re-applied after a power failure. | | |
| RTC wake system from S5 | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Fixed Time | |
| | Dynamic Time | |
| Fixed Time : System will wake on the hr :: min :: sec | | |
| Specified Dynamic Time : System will wake on the current time + Increase minutes(s). | | |

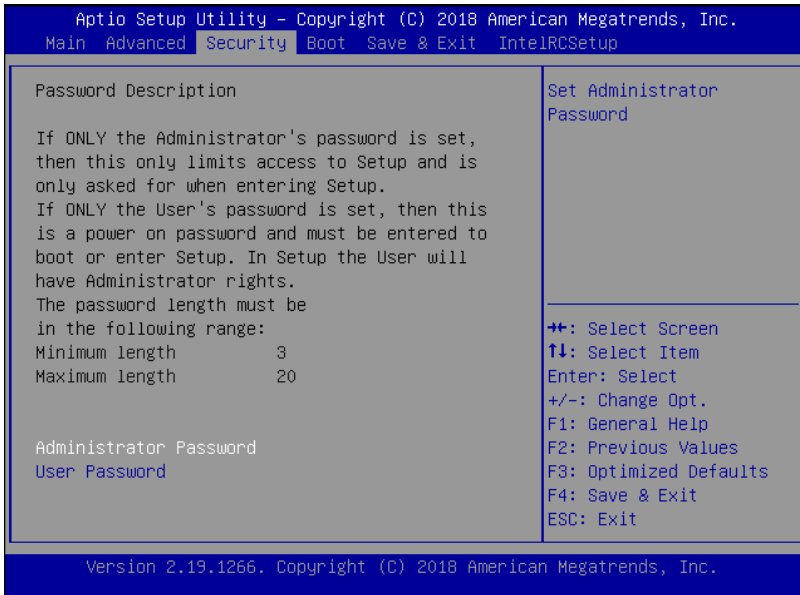
3.4.8 Advanced: Digital IO Port Configuration



Options summary:

| | | |
|---|--------|-----------------------------------|
| DIO Port1~4 | Output | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Input | |
| Set DIO as Input or Output | | |
| Output Level | High | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Low | |
| Set output level when DIO pin is output | | |
| DIO Port5~8 | Output | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Input | |
| Set DIO as Input or Output | | |

3.5 Setup submenu: Security



Change User/Administrator Password

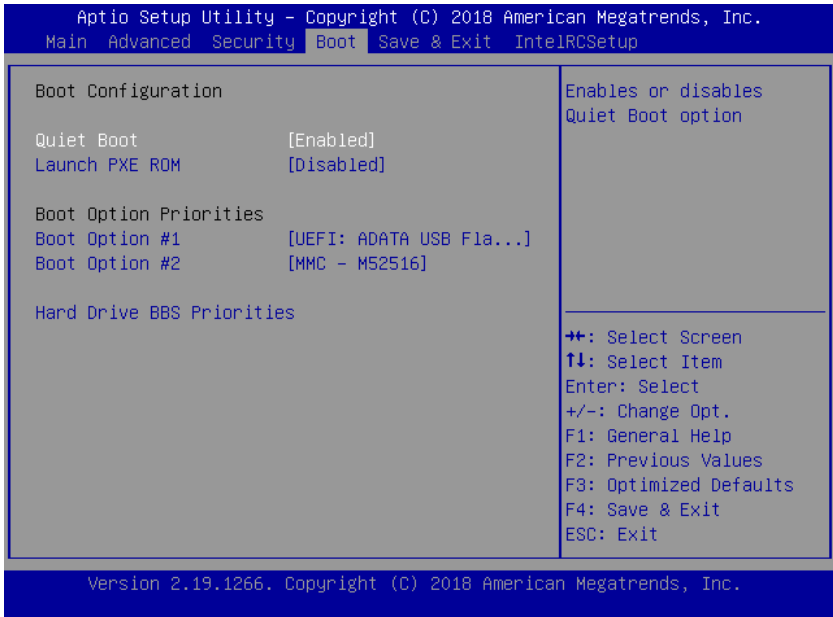
You can set a User Password once an Administrator Password is set. The password will be required during boot up, or when the user enters the Setup utility. Please Note that a User Password does not provide access to many of the features in the Setup utility.

Select the password you wish to set, press Enter to open a dialog box to enter your password (you can enter no more than six letters or numbers). Press Enter to confirm your entry, after which you will be prompted to retype your password for a final confirmation. Press Enter again after you have retyped it correctly.

Removing the Password

Highlight this item and type in the current password. At the next dialog box press Enter to disable password protection.

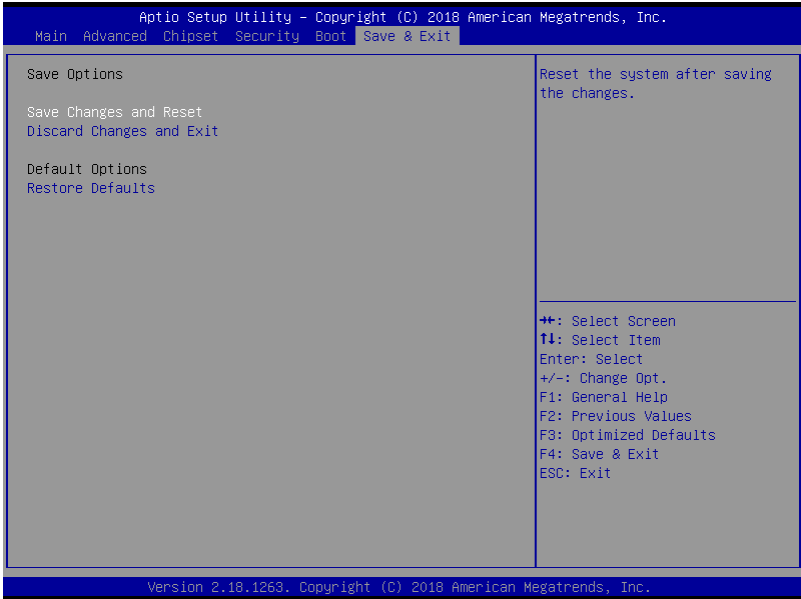
3.6 Setup submenu: Boot



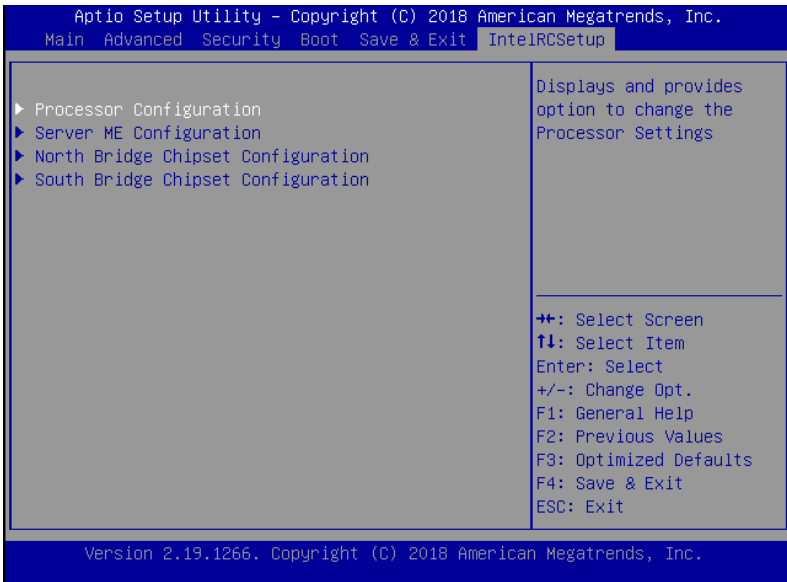
Options summary:

| | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Quiet Boot | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Enable / Disable Quiet Boot option. | | |
| Launch PXE Rom | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE OpROM. | | |
| Boot Option #1 | UEFI OS (Lilee System SSM 1GB 0910) | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Disabled | |
| Sets the system boot order. | | |

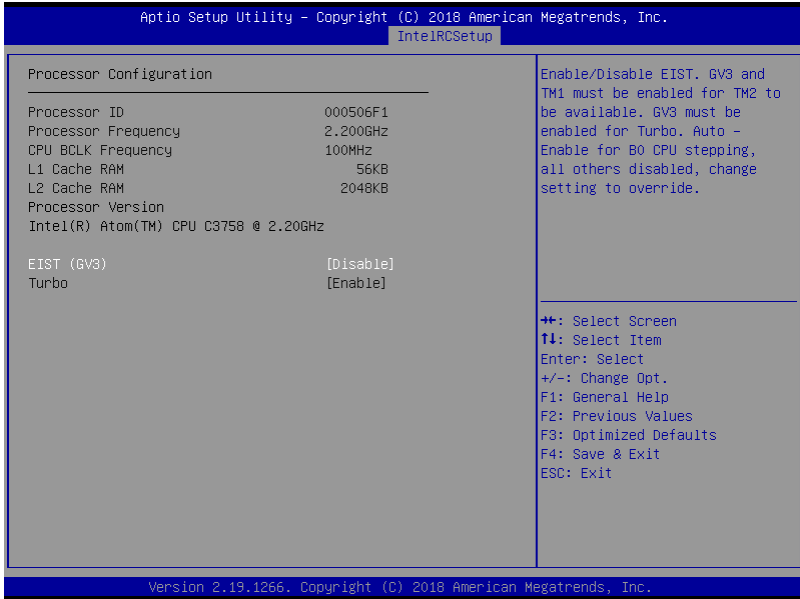
3.7 Setup submenu: Save & Exit



3.8 Setup submenu: IntelRCSetup



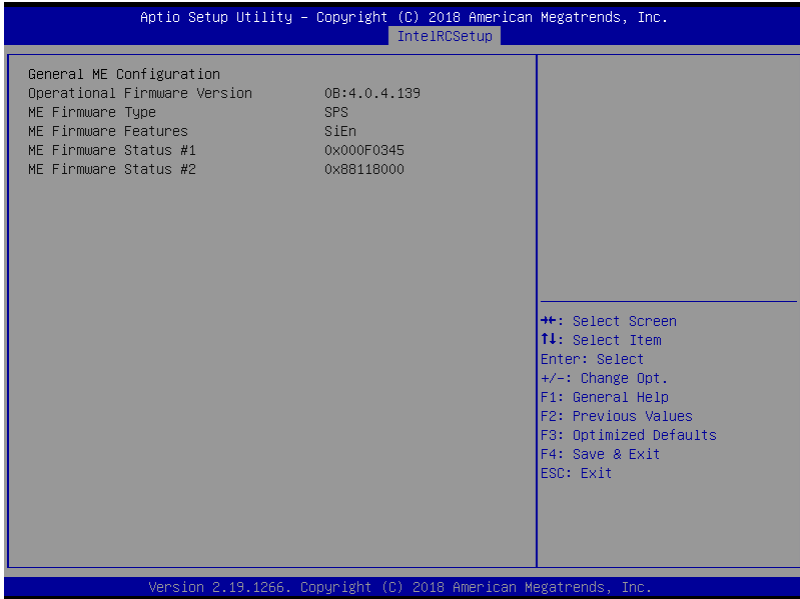
3.8.1 IntelRCSetup: Processor Configuration



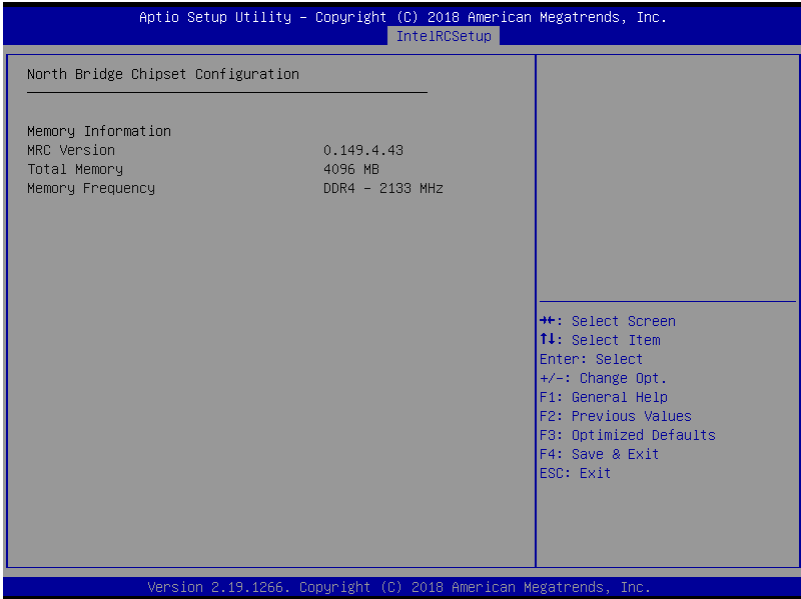
Options summary:

| | | |
|--|----------|-----------------------------------|
| EIST | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Enable/Disable EIST. GV3 and TM1 must be enabled for TM2 to be available. GV3 must be enabled for Turbo. Auto - Enable for B0 CPU stepping, all others disabled, change setting to override. | | |
| Turbo Mode | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Enable or Disable CPU Turbo capability. This option only applies to ES2 and above. | | |

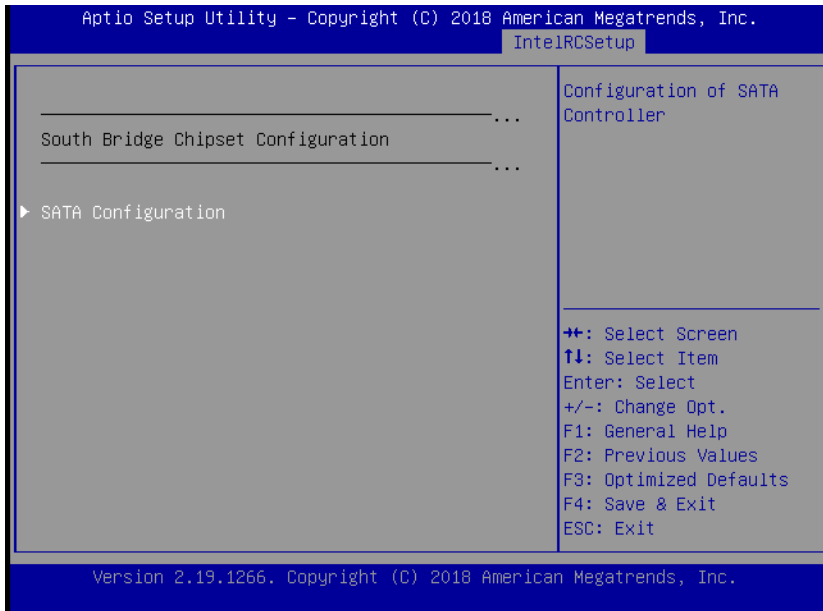
3.8.2 IntelRCSetup: Server ME Configuration



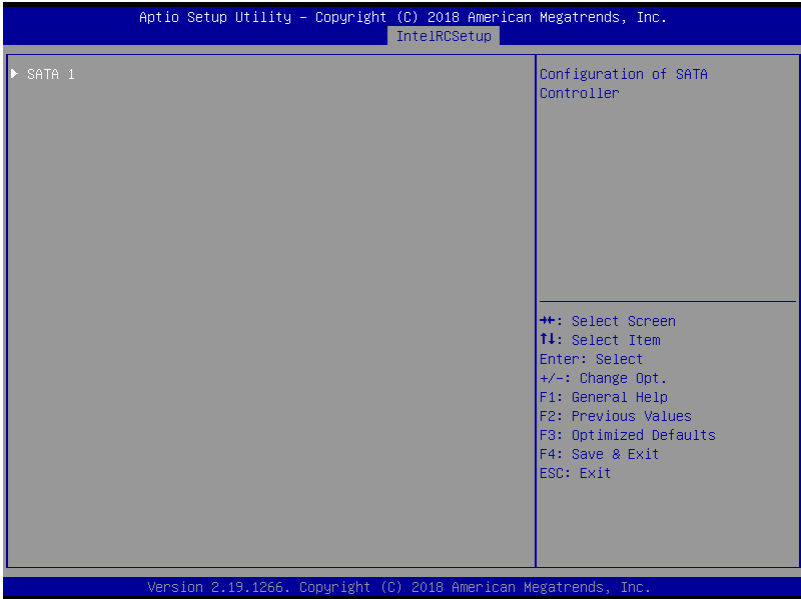
3.8.3 IntelRCSetup: North Bridge Chipset Configuration



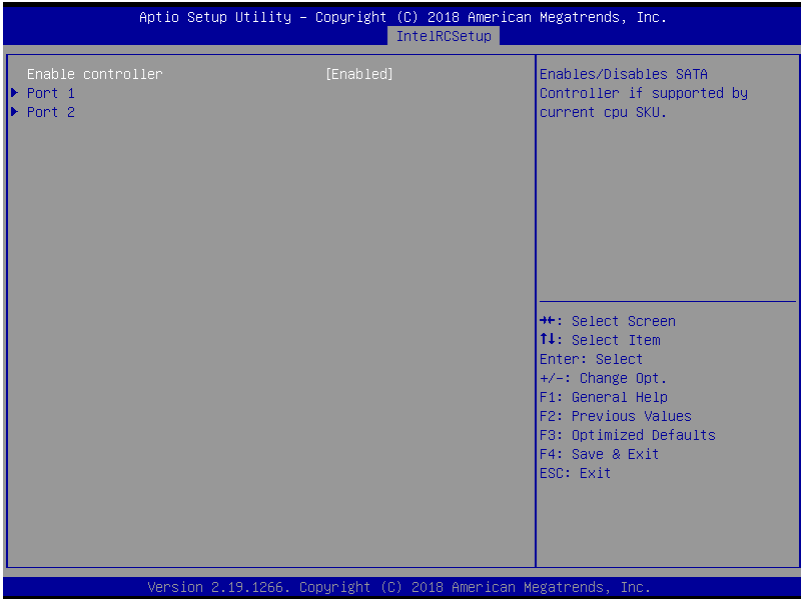
3.8.4 IntelRCSetup: South Bridge Chipset Configuration



3.8.4.1 SATA Configuration



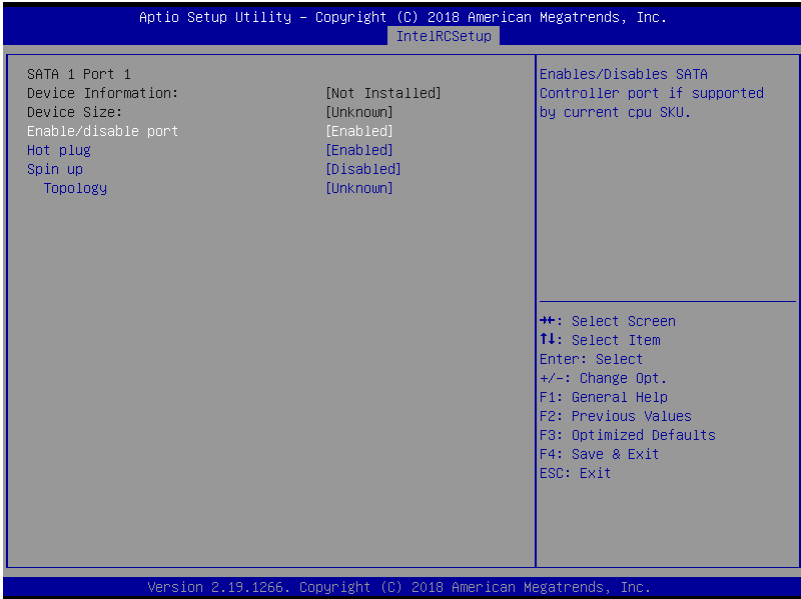
3.8.4.1.1 SATA 1



Options summary:

| | | |
|--|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Enable controller | Enabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Disabled | |
| Enable or disable the Chipset SATA Controller. The Chipset SATA Controller support the 2 black internal SATA ports (up to 3Gb/s supported per port). | | |

3.8.4.1.1.1 SATA 1 Port 1/2



Options summary:

| | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Enable/disable port | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Enables/Disables SATA Controller port if supported by current cpu SKU. | | |
| Hot Plug | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Hot Plug | | |
| Spin up | Disabled | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | Enabled | |
| Spin up | | |
| Topology | Unknown | Optimal Default, Failsafe Default |
| | ISATA | |
| | Direct Connect | |
| | Flex | |
| | M2 | |
| Identify the SATA Topology if it is Default or ISATA or Flex or DirectConnect or M2. | | |

Chapter 4

Drivers Installation

4.1 Driver Installation

Please download the driver from the AAEON website -

<http://www.aaeon.com/en/p/desktop-network-appliance-fws-7360>. It contains all the drivers and utilities you need to set up your product. Follow the steps below to install the drivers.

For Windows

1. Open the **Step 1 - LAN\22_4_0_1_CD** folder
2. Follow the instructions

For Linux

1. Open the **Step 1 - LAN\22_4_0_1_CD\PROXGB\LINUX** folder
2. Double click `ixgbe-5.1.3.tar.gz`
3. Follow the README instructions

Appendix A

Watchdog Timer Programming

A.1 Watchdog Timer Initial Program

| Table 1 : SuperIO relative register table | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| | Default Value | Note |
| Index | 0x2E(Note1) | SIO MB PnP Mode Index Register 0x2E or 0x4E |
| Data | 0x2F(Note2) | SIO MB PnP Mode Data Register 0x2F or 0x4F |

| Table 2 : Watchdog relative register table | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | LDN | Register | BitNum | Value | Note |
| Timer Counter | 0x07(Note3) | 0x73(Note4) | | (Note24) | Time of watchdog timer (0~255) This register is byte access |
| Counting Unit | 0x07(Note5) | 0x72(Note6) | 7(Note7) | 1(Note8) | Select time unit. 1: second 0: minute |
| Watchdog Enable (KRST) | 0x07(Note9) | 0x72(Note10) | 6(Note11) | 1(Note12) | 0: Disable 1: Enable |
| Timeout Status | 0x07(Note13) | 0x71(Note14) | 0(Note15) | 1 | 1: Clear timeout status |

```
*****
// SuperIO relative definition (Please reference to Table 1)
#define byte  SIOIndex //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define byte  SIOData //This parameter is represented from Note2
#define void   IOWriteByte(byte IOPort, byte Value);
#define byte  IOReadByte(byte IOPort);
// Watch Dog relative definition (Please reference to Table 2)
#define byte  TimerLDN //This parameter is represented from Note3
#define byte  TimerReg //This parameter is represented from Note4
#define byte  TimerVal // This parameter is represented from Note24
#define byte  UnitLDN //This parameter is represented from Note5
#define byte  UnitReg //This parameter is represented from Note6
#define byte  UnitBit //This parameter is represented from Note7
#define byte  UnitVal //This parameter is represented from Note8
#define byte  EnableLDN //This parameter is represented from Note9
#define byte  EnableReg //This parameter is represented from Note10
#define byte  EnableBit //This parameter is represented from Note11
#define byte  EnableVal //This parameter is represented from Note12
#define byte  StatusLDN // This parameter is represented from Note13
#define byte  StatusReg // This parameter is represented from Note14
#define byte  StatusBit // This parameter is represented from Note15
*****
```

```
*****
VOID Main() {
    // Procedure : AaeonWDTConfig
    // (byte)Timer : Time of WDT timer.(0x00~0xFF)
    // (boolean)Unit : Select time unit(0: second, 1: minute).
    AaeonWDTConfig();

    // Procedure : AaeonWDTEnable
    // This procedure will enable the WDT counting.
    AaeonWDTEnable();
}
*****
```

```
*****
// Procedure : AaeonWDTEnable
VOID AaeonWDTEnable (){
    WDTEnableDisable(EnableLDN, EnableReg, EnableBit, 1);
}

// Procedure : AaeonWDTConfig
VOID AaeonWDTConfig (){
    // Disable WDT counting
    WDTEnableDisable(EnableLDN, EnableReg, EnableBit, 0);
    // Clear Watchdog Timeout Status
    WDTClearTimeoutStatus();
    // WDT relative parameter setting
    WDTParameterSetting();
}

VOID WDTEnableDisable(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    SIOBitSet(LDN, Register, BitNum, Value);
}

VOID WDTParameterSetting(){
    // Watchdog Timer counter setting
    SIOByteSet(TimerLDN, TimerReg, TimerVal);
    // WDT counting unit setting
    SIOBitSet(UnitLDN, UnitReg, UnitBit, UnitVal);
}

VOID WDTClearTimeoutStatus(){
    SIOBitSet(StatusLDN, StatusReg, StatusBit, 1);
}
*****
```

```
*****
VOID SIOEnterMBPnPMode(){
    Switch(SIOIndex){
        Case 0x2E:
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x01);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x55);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x55);
            Break;
        Case 0x4E:
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x87);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x01);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x55);
            IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0xAA);
            Break;
    }
}

VOID SIOExitMBPnPMode(){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x02);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, 0x02);
}

VOID SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN){
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, 0x07); // SIO LDN Register Offset = 0x07
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, LDN);
}
*****
```

```
*****
VOID SIOBitSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte BitNum, byte Value){
    Byte TmpValue;

    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(byte LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    TmpValue = IOReadByte(SIOData);
    TmpValue &= ~(1 << BitNum);
    TmpValue |= (Value << BitNum);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, TmpValue);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}

VOID SIOByteSet(byte LDN, byte Register, byte Value){
    SIOEnterMBPnPMode();
    SIOSelectLDN(LDN);
    IOWriteByte(SIOIndex, Register);
    IOWriteByte(SIOData, Value);
    SIOExitMBPnPMode();
}
*****
```

Appendix B

I/O Information

B.1 I/O Address Map

The screenshot displays the Windows Device Manager interface. The 'Device Manager' window is open, showing the 'Input/output (IO)' category expanded. A list of hardware devices is shown, each with a folder icon, a hexadecimal address range in brackets, and a device name. The devices listed are:

- [0000000000000000 - 00000000000000CF7] PCI Express Root Complex
- [0000000000000020 - 0000000000000021] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000024 - 0000000000000025] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000028 - 0000000000000029] Programmable interrupt controller
- [000000000000002C - 000000000000002D] Programmable interrupt controller
- [000000000000002E - 000000000000002F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000030 - 0000000000000031] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000034 - 0000000000000035] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000038 - 0000000000000039] Programmable interrupt controller
- [000000000000003C - 000000000000003D] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000040 - 0000000000000043] System timer
- [000000000000004E - 000000000000004F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000050 - 0000000000000053] System timer
- [0000000000000060 - 0000000000000060] Standard PS/2 Keyboard
- [0000000000000061 - 0000000000000061] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000063 - 0000000000000063] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000064 - 0000000000000064] Standard PS/2 Keyboard
- [0000000000000065 - 0000000000000065] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000067 - 0000000000000067] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000070 - 0000000000000070] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000070 - 0000000000000077] System CMOS/real time clock
- [0000000000000080 - 0000000000000080] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000092 - 0000000000000092] Motherboard resources
- [00000000000000A0 - 00000000000000A1] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000A4 - 00000000000000A5] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000A8 - 00000000000000A9] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000AC - 00000000000000AD] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B0 - 00000000000000B1] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B2 - 00000000000000B3] Motherboard resources
- [00000000000000B4 - 00000000000000B5] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B8 - 00000000000000B9] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000BC - 00000000000000BD] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000378 - 000000000000037F] Printer Port (LPT1)

Device Manager

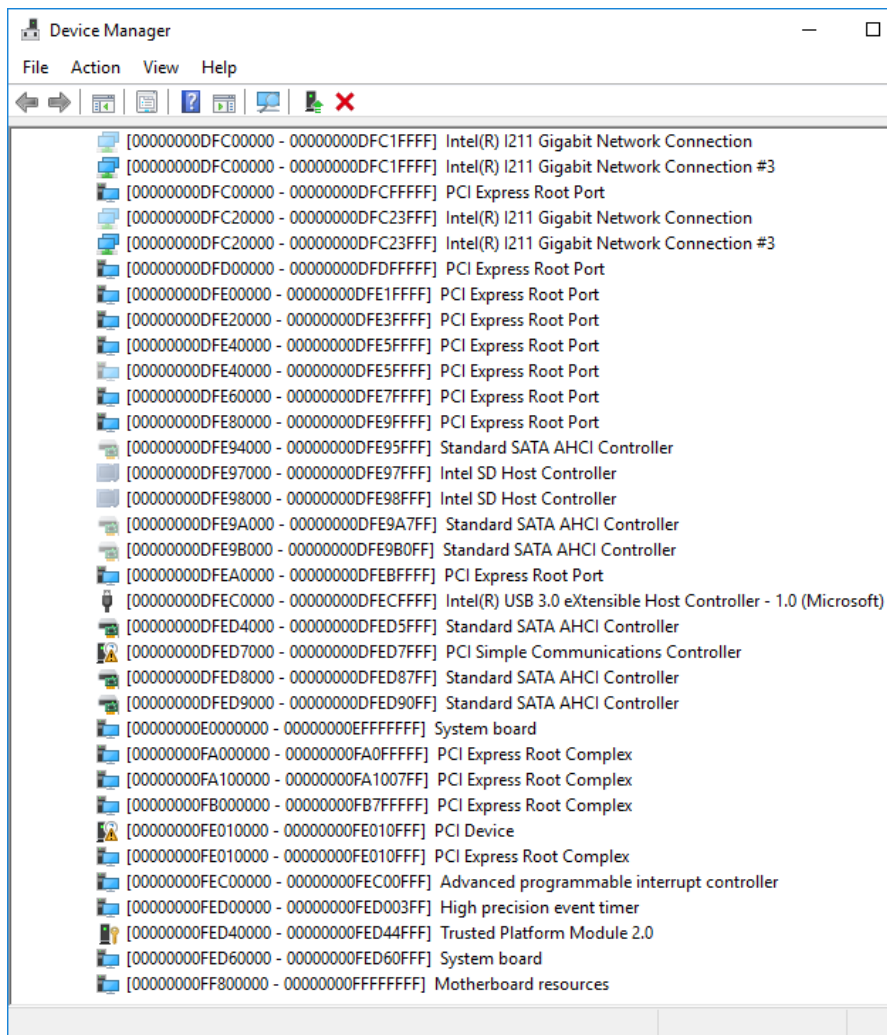
File Action View Help

- [00000000000000A8 - 00000000000000A9] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000AC - 00000000000000AD] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B0 - 00000000000000B1] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B2 - 00000000000000B3] Motherboard resources
- [00000000000000B4 - 00000000000000B5] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000B8 - 00000000000000B9] Programmable interrupt controller
- [00000000000000BC - 00000000000000BD] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000378 - 000000000000037F] **Printer Port (LPT1)**
- [00000000000003B0 - 00000000000003BB] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
- [00000000000003B0 - 00000000000003BB] PCI Express Root Port
- [00000000000003C0 - 00000000000003DF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
- [00000000000003C0 - 00000000000003DF] PCI Express Root Port
- [00000000000003F8 - 00000000000003FF] Communications Port (COM1)
- [00000000000004D0 - 00000000000004D1] Programmable interrupt controller
- [0000000000000500 - 00000000000005FE] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000680 - 000000000000069F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000A00 - 0000000000000A2F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000A30 - 0000000000000A3F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000A40 - 0000000000000A4F] Motherboard resources
- [0000000000000D00 - 000000000000FFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
- [000000000000C000 - 000000000000C01F] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2
- [000000000000C000 - 000000000000CFFF] PCI Express Root Port
- [000000000000C000 - 000000000000CFFF] PCI Express Root Port
- [000000000000D000 - 000000000000D01F] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection
- [000000000000D000 - 000000000000DFFF] PCI Express Root Port
- [000000000000E020 - 000000000000E03F] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- [000000000000E020 - 000000000000E03F] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- [000000000000E040 - 000000000000E043] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- [000000000000E040 - 000000000000E043] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- [000000000000E050 - 000000000000E057] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- [000000000000E050 - 000000000000E057] Standard SATA AHCI Controller
- > Interrupt request (IRQ)
- > Large Memory
- > Memory

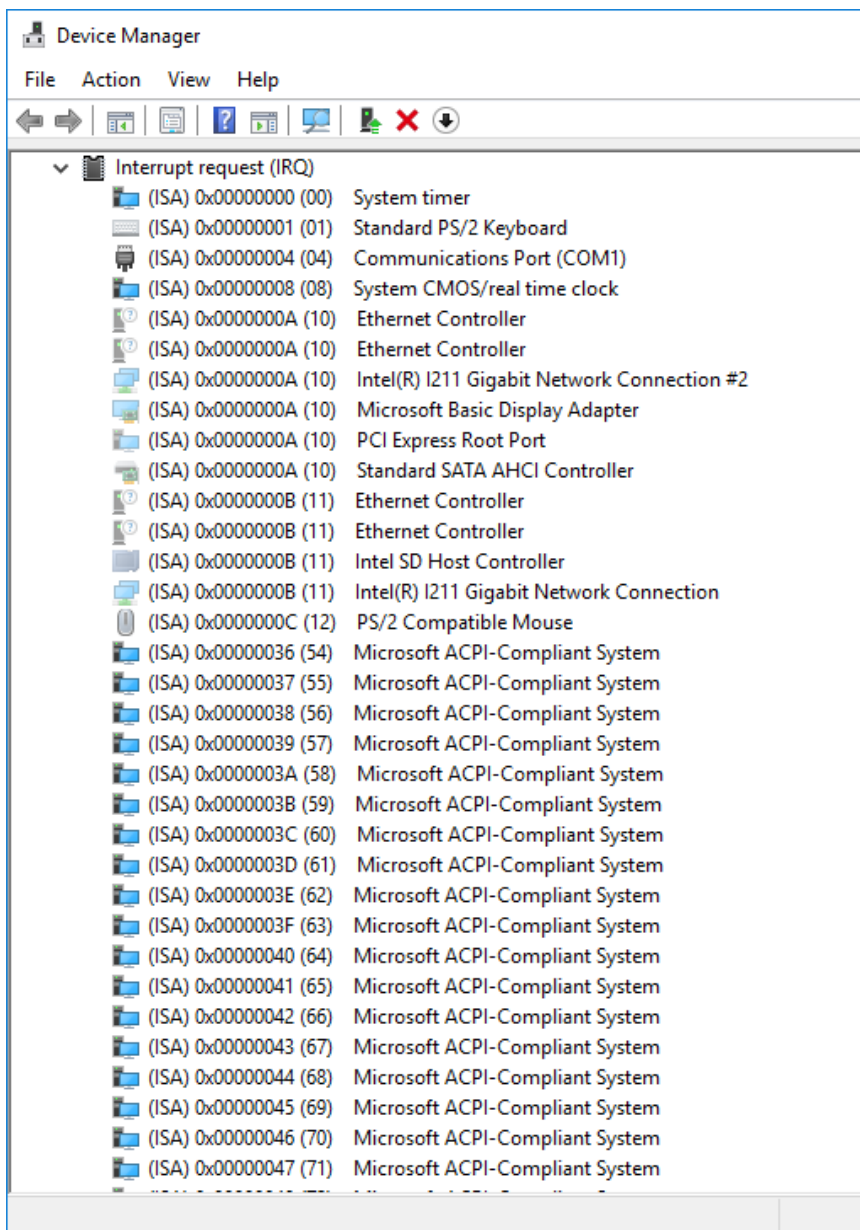
B.2 Memory Address Map

The screenshot displays the Windows Device Manager window, titled "Device Manager". The menu bar includes "File", "Action", "View", and "Help". Below the menu is a toolbar with navigation and action icons. The main content area shows a tree view of hardware devices. The "Memory" category is expanded, revealing a list of hardware resources with their respective memory addresses and names. The list includes:

- Large Memory
 - [0000000180000000 - 0000007FFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
- Memory
 - [00000000000A0000 - 0000000000BFFFFF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
 - [00000000000A0000 - 0000000000BFFFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
 - [00000000000A0000 - 0000000000BFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000000C0000 - 0000000000DFFFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
 - [00000000000E0000 - 0000000000FFFFFF] Motherboard resources
 - [000000007FC00000 - 000000007FFFFFFF] System board
 - [0000000080000000 - 00000000DFFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Complex
 - [00000000D8000000 - 00000000DBFFFFFF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
 - [00000000D8000000 - 00000000DBFFFFFF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
 - [00000000D8000000 - 00000000DBFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000D8000000 - 00000000DBFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DC000000 - 00000000DC1FFFFFFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DC000000 - 00000000DC4FFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DC200000 - 00000000DC3FFFFFFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DC400000 - 00000000DC403FFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DC404000 - 00000000DC407FFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DC600000 - 00000000DC7FFFFFFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DC600000 - 00000000DCAFFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DC800000 - 00000000DC9FFFFFFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DCA00000 - 00000000DCA03FFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DCA04000 - 00000000DCA07FFF] Ethernet Controller
 - [00000000DF600000 - 00000000DF7FFFFFFF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
 - [00000000DF600000 - 00000000DF7FFFFFFF] Microsoft Basic Display Adapter
 - [00000000DF600000 - 00000000DF8FFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DF900000 - 00000000DF9FFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DFA00000 - 00000000DFAFFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DFB00000 - 00000000DFB1FFFFF] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #4
 - [00000000DFB00000 - 00000000DFB1FFFFF] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2
 - [00000000DFB00000 - 00000000DFBFFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DFB00000 - 00000000DFBFFFFFFF] PCI Express Root Port
 - [00000000DFB20000 - 00000000DFB23FFF] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #4
 - [00000000DFB20000 - 00000000DFB23FFF] Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2

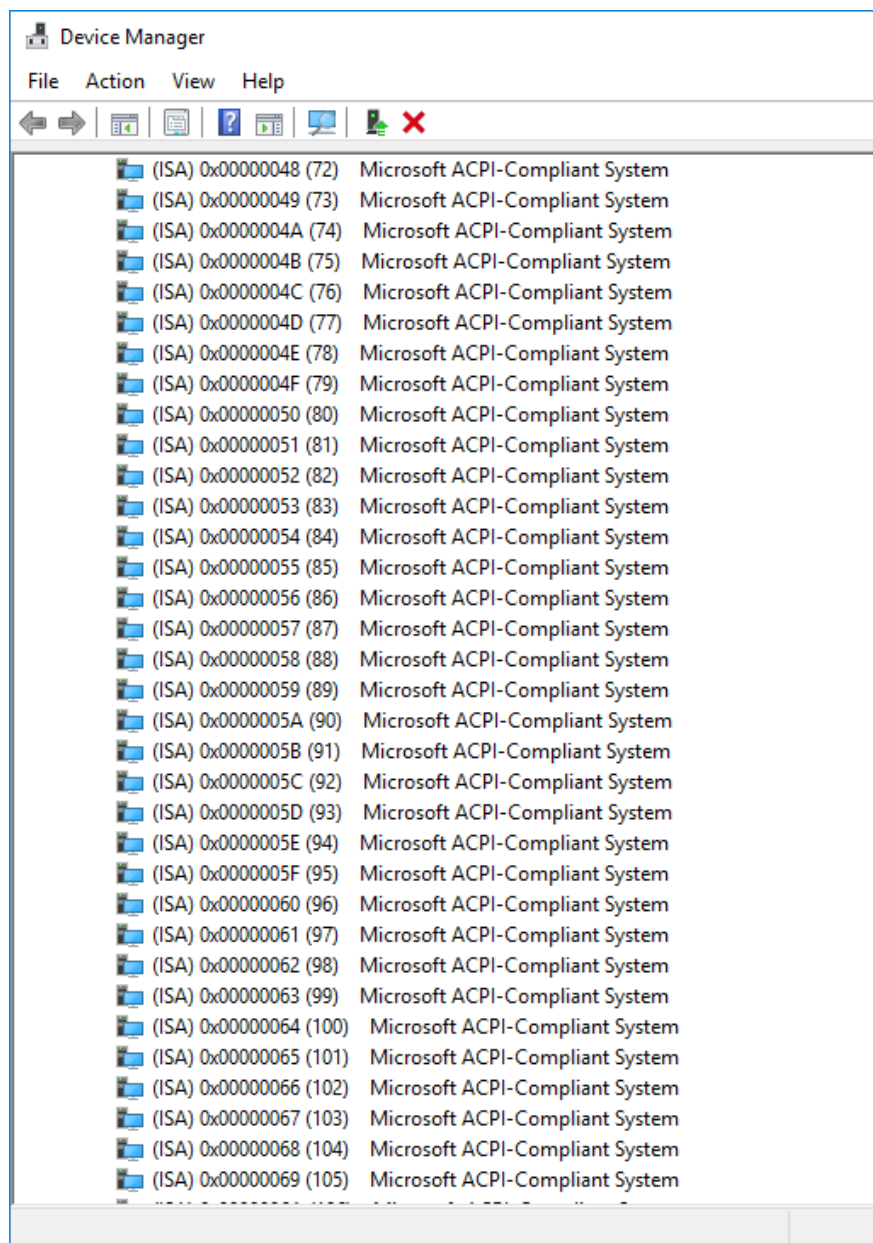


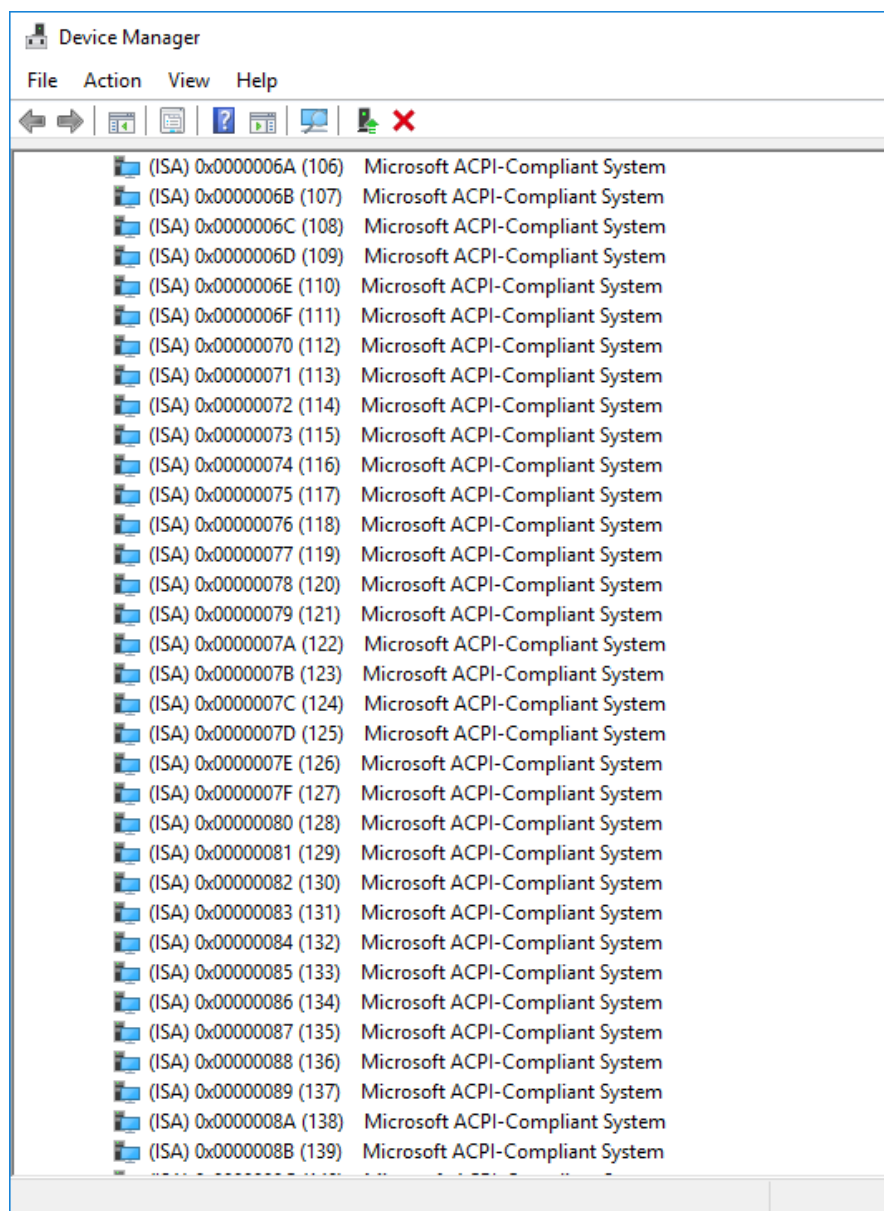
B.3 IRQ Mapping Chart

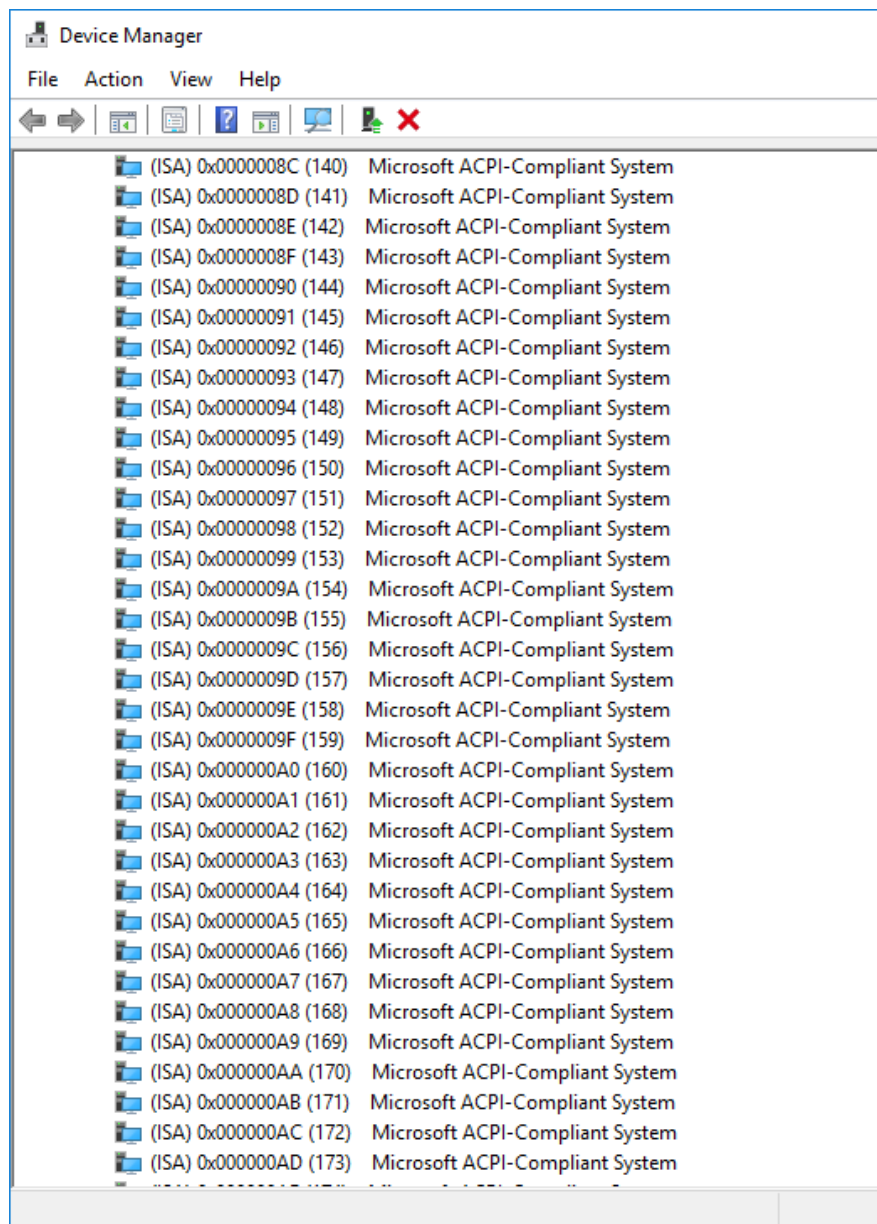


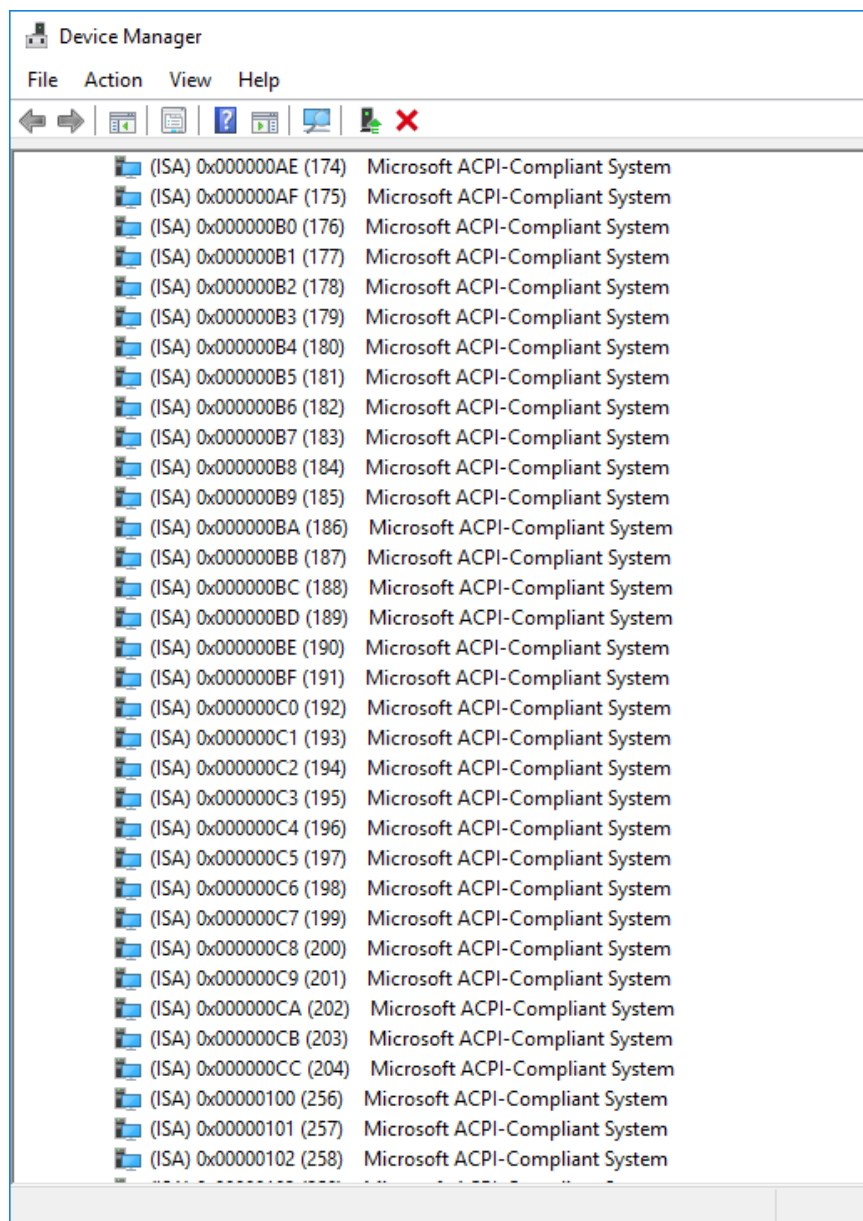
The screenshot shows the Windows Device Manager window with the 'Interrupt request (IRQ)' category expanded. The list displays various hardware components and their assigned IRQ numbers. The components include system timers, keyboards, communication ports, CMOS/real time clocks, Ethernet controllers, network connections, display adapters, PCI root ports, SATA controllers, SD host controllers, mice, and multiple Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System entries.

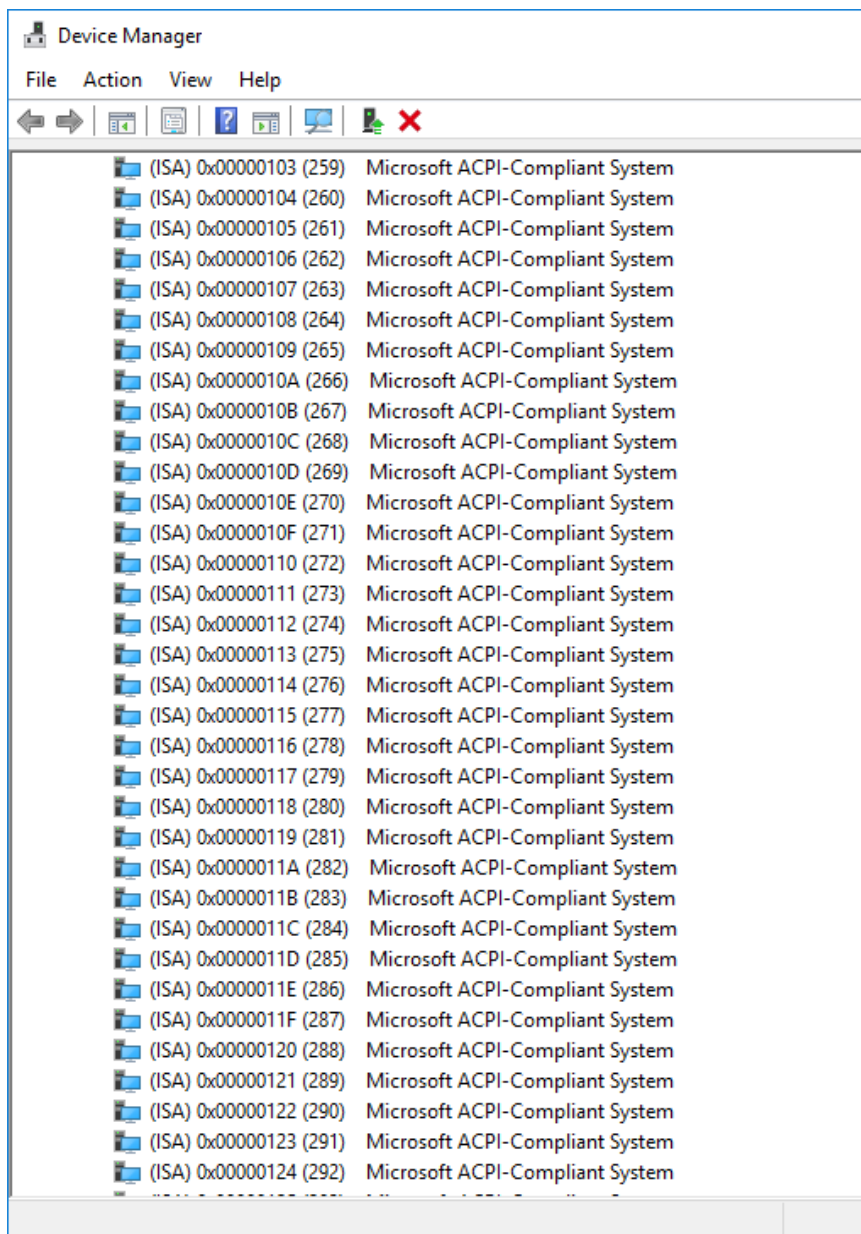
| Device Name | IRQ |
|---|-----------------------|
| System timer | (ISA) 0x00000000 (00) |
| Standard PS/2 Keyboard | (ISA) 0x00000001 (01) |
| Communications Port (COM1) | (ISA) 0x00000004 (04) |
| System CMOS/real time clock | (ISA) 0x00000008 (08) |
| Ethernet Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| Ethernet Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection #2 | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| Microsoft Basic Display Adapter | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| PCI Express Root Port | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| Standard SATA AHCI Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000A (10) |
| Ethernet Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000B (11) |
| Ethernet Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000B (11) |
| Intel SD Host Controller | (ISA) 0x0000000B (11) |
| Intel(R) I211 Gigabit Network Connection | (ISA) 0x0000000B (11) |
| PS/2 Compatible Mouse | (ISA) 0x0000000C (12) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000036 (54) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000037 (55) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000038 (56) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000039 (57) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003A (58) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003B (59) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003C (60) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003D (61) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003E (62) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x0000003F (63) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000040 (64) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000041 (65) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000042 (66) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000043 (67) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000044 (68) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000045 (69) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000046 (70) |
| Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System | (ISA) 0x00000047 (71) |

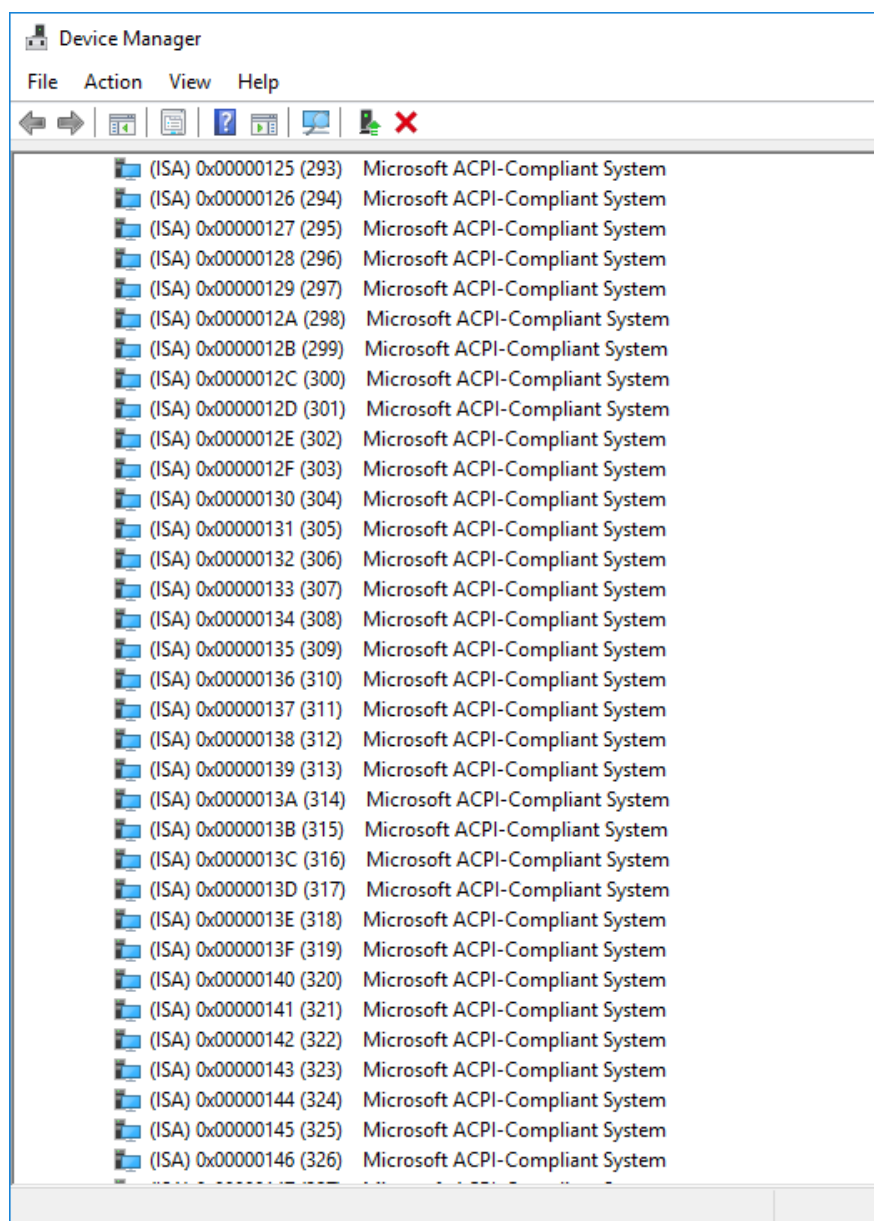


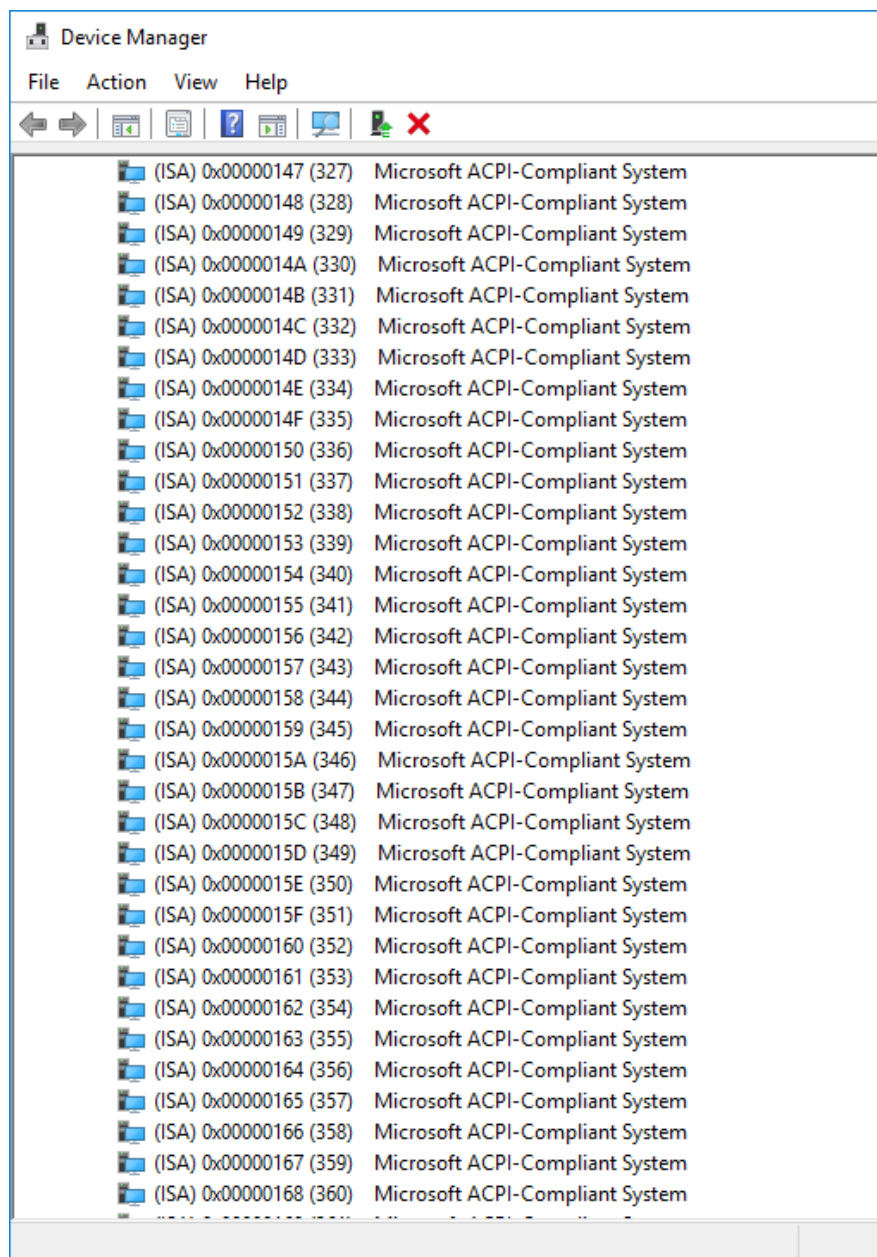


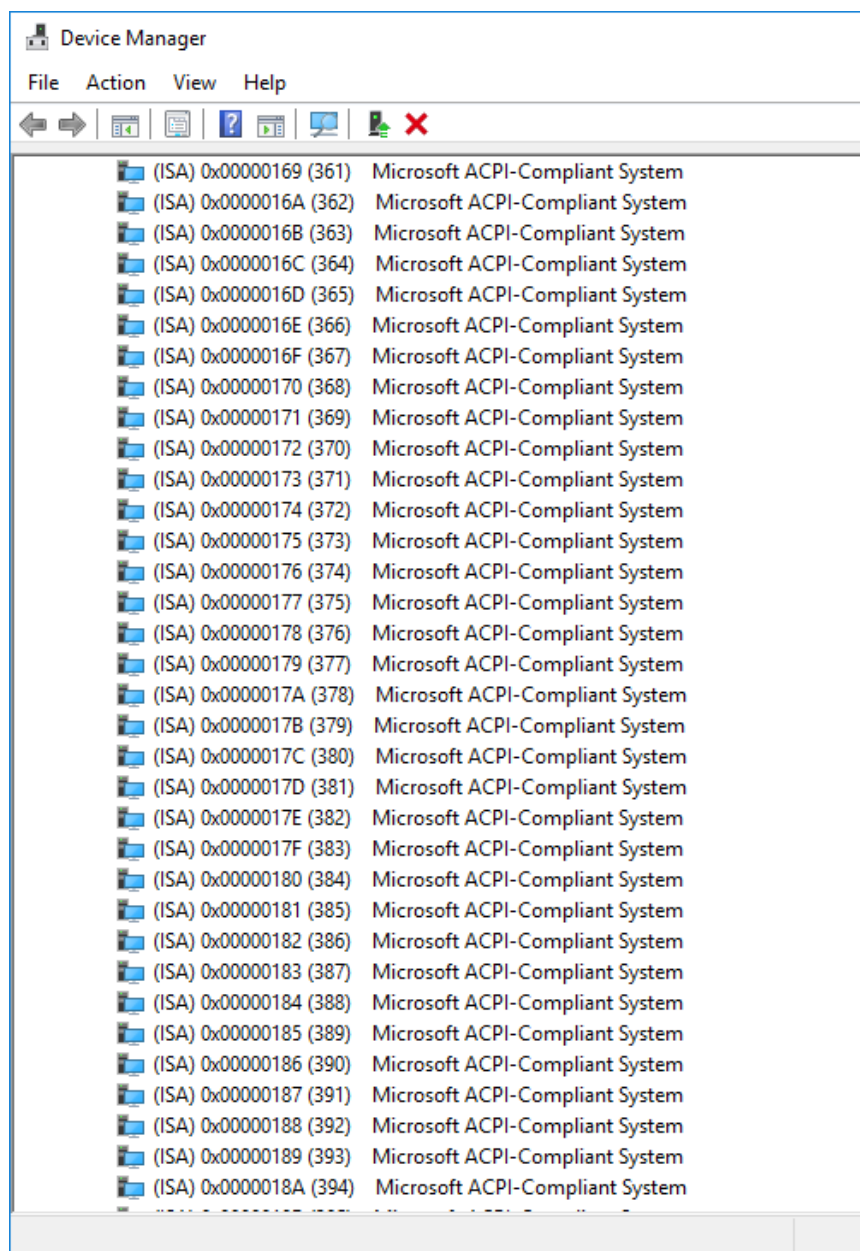


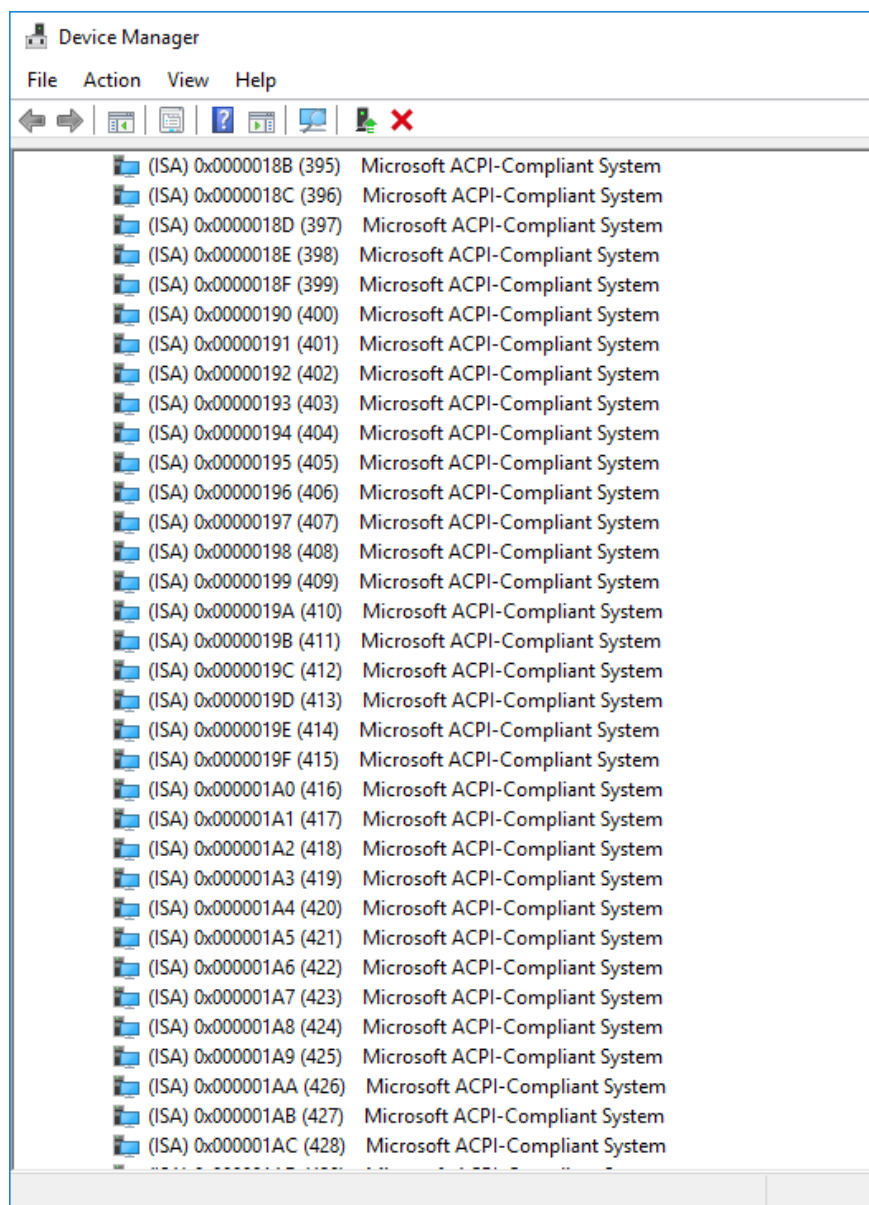


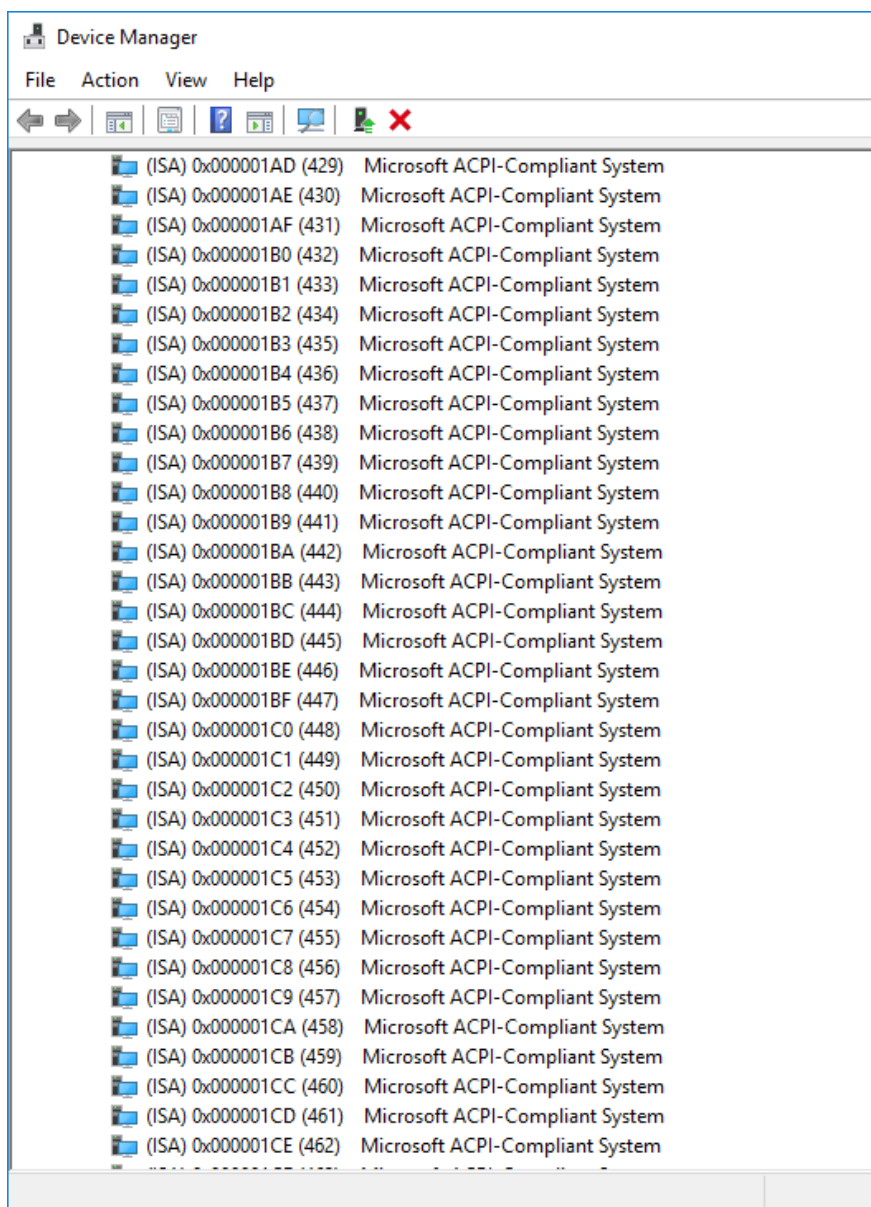


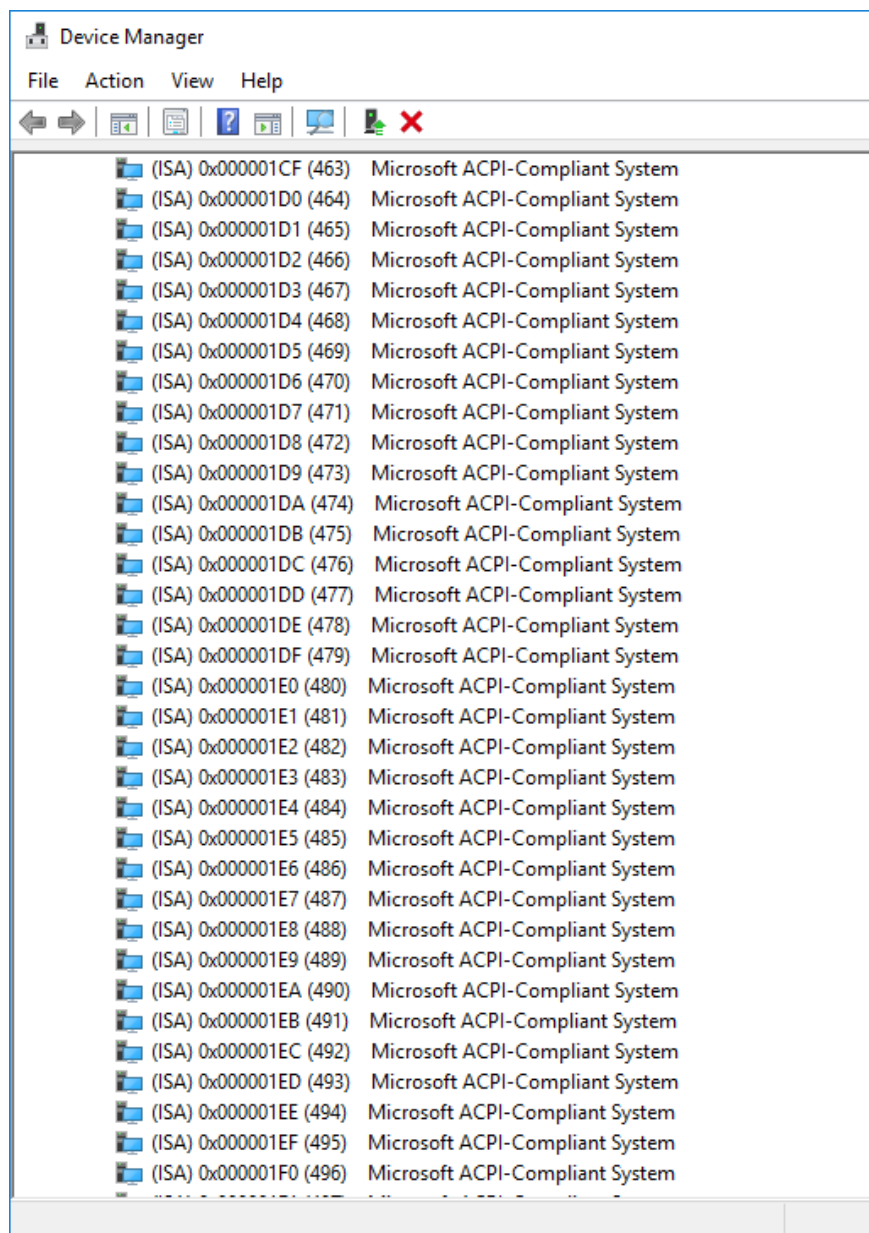


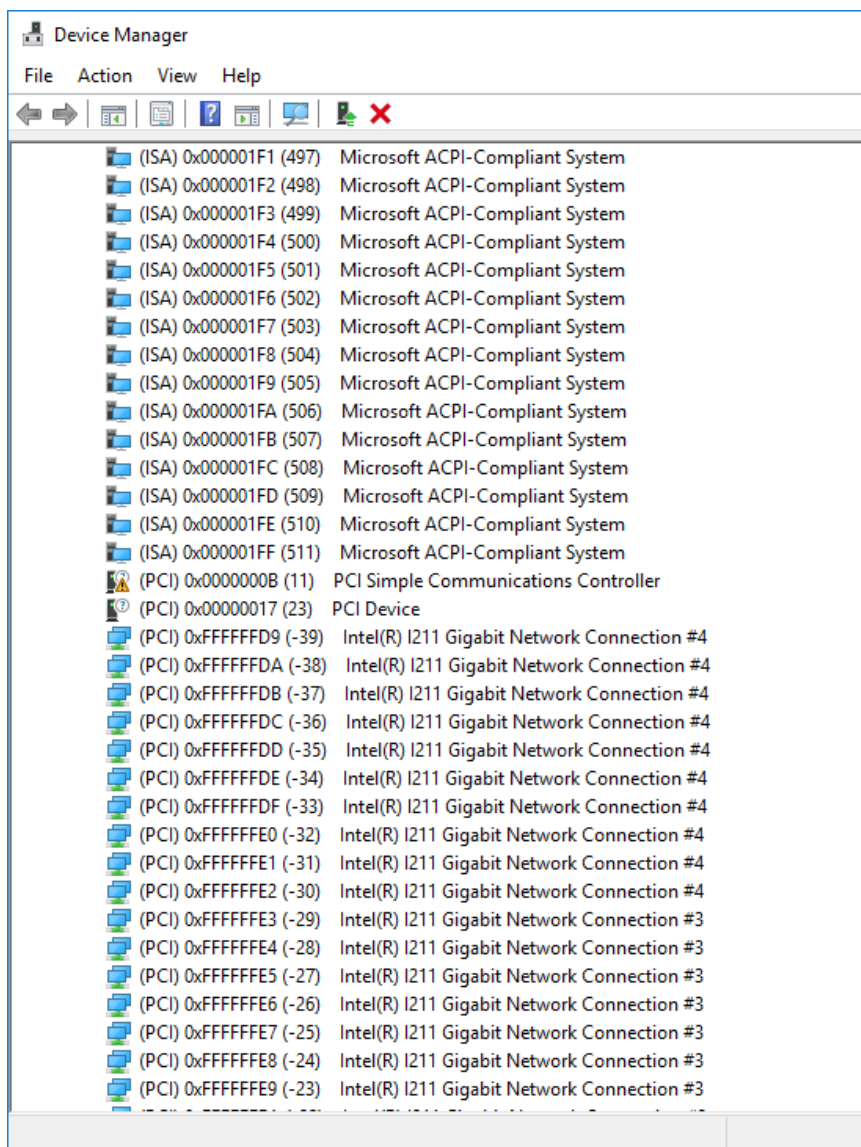


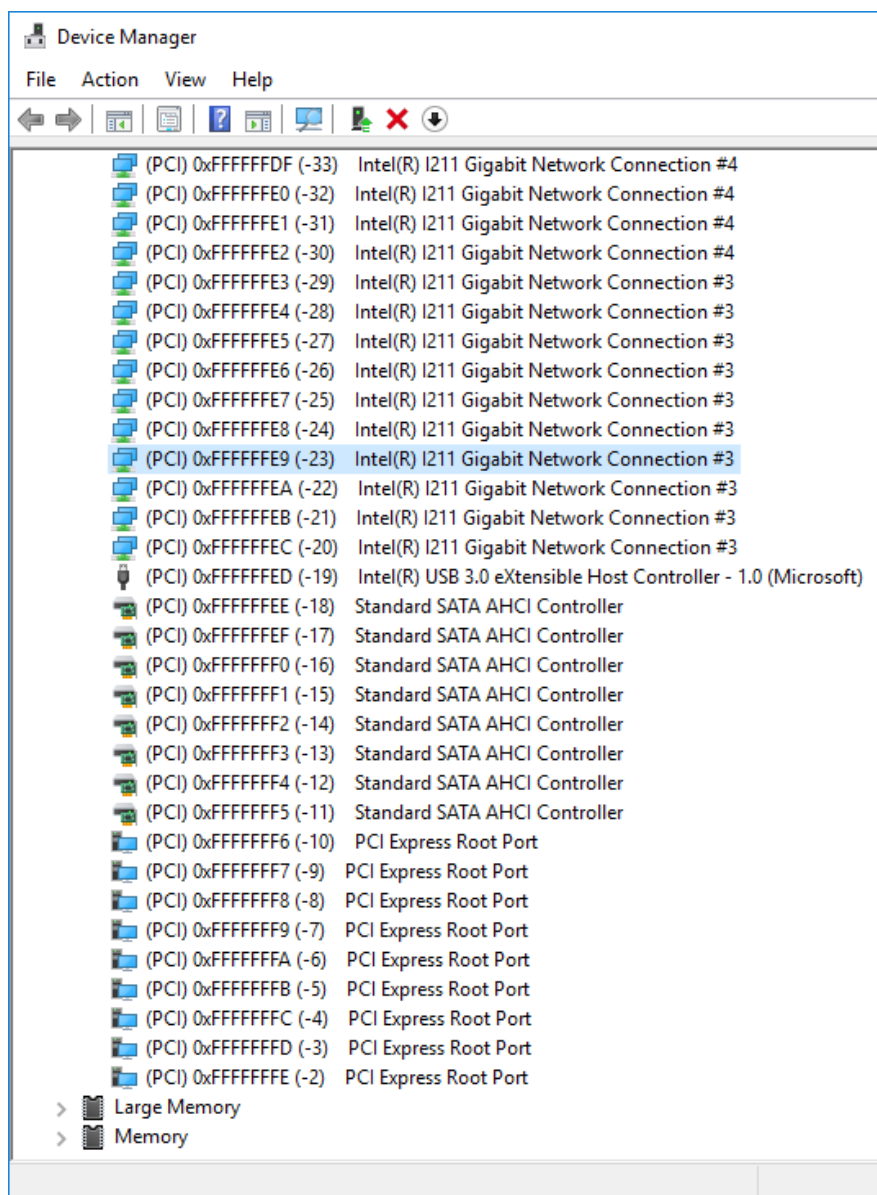












Appendix C

Standard LAN Bypass Platform Setting

C.1 Status LED

C.1.1 Introduction

The FWS-7360 provides an LED indicator which can change the LED status by AAEON SDK. The user is able to program the LED status to express different status.

C.1.2 Status LED Configuration

Table 1 : Truth Table of Status LED

| STA_LED2 | STA_LED1 | STA_LED0 | LED States |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | LED Off |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | Red |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | Red Blinking (Slowly) |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | Red Blinking (Quickly) |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Reserved |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | Green Blinking (Slowly) |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | Green Blinking (Quickly) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | Green |

Table 2 : Status LED relative register mapping table

CPLD Slave Address 0x90 (Note1)

| | Attribute | Offset(SMBUS) | BitNum | Value |
|----------|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|
| STA_LED2 | R/W | 0x00 (Note2) | 2 | (Table 1) |
| STA_LED1 | R/W | 0x00 (Note2) | 1 | (Table 1) |
| STA_LED0 | R/W | 0x00 (Note2) | 0 | (Table 1) |

C.1.3 Sample Code

```
*****
#define Byte CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define Byte OFFSET //This parameter is represented from Note2
*****

bData = aaeonSmbusReadByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET);

switch( LED_FLAG)
{
case 0:
{
//LED Off
//BIT2=0, BIT1=0, BIT0=0
bData = bData & 0xF8;
break;
}
case 1:
{
//Red LED On
//BIT2=0, BIT1=0, BIT0=1
bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x01;
break;
}
case 2:
{
//Red LED Blink
//BIT2=0, BIT1=1, BIT0=0
bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x02;
break;
}
case 3:
{
//Red LED Fast Blink
//BIT2=0, BIT1=1, BIT0=1
bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x03;
break;
}
case 4:
{
//Green LED On
```

```
//BIT2=1, BIT1=1, BIT0=1
bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x07;
break;
}
case 5:
{
    //Green LED Blink
    //BIT2=1, BIT1=0, BIT0=1
    bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x05;
    break;
}
case 6:
{
    //Green LED Fast Blink
    //BIT2=1, BIT1=1, BIT0=0
    bData = (bData & 0xF8) | 0x06;
    break;
}
default:
    break;
}
SmbusWriteByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, 0x00, bData);
*****
```

C.2 LAN Bypass

C.2.1 Introduction

The FWS-7360 provides a LAN Bypass kit and allows uninterrupted network traffic even if a single in-line appliance is shut down or hangs.

C.2.2 LAN Bypass Configuration

Table 1: ID Select table of LAN kit

| LAN_ID2 | LAN_ID1 | LAN_ID0 | LAN kit selected |
|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | LAN Kit 1 Selected |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | LAN Kit 2 Selected |

Table 2 : LAN Bypass relative register table

| Function | Description |
|----------|--|
| LAN_ID3 | Use for selecting which LAN kit will be configured, refer to Table 1 of ID Select table of LAN kit. They should be set before ACT_EN. |
| LAN_ID2 | |
| LAN_ID1 | |
| LAN_ID0 | |
| PWR_ON | Use for configuring LAN Bypass function behavior to LAN kit, when system power on. 1: Bypass 0: Pass Through |
| PWR_OFF | Use for configuring LAN Bypass function behavior to LAN kit, when system power off. 1: Bypass 0: Pass Through |
| WDT_EN | Use for configuring WDT function behavior to LAN kit, when WDT triggered. 0: Normal WDT reset (Default) 1: Force Bypass |
| ACT_EN | Use for activating programming of LAN kit. It is edge triggering (falling edge 1 to 0) and should be set to high(1) as its normal state. |

Table 3 : LAN Bypass relative register mapping table

| CPLD Slave Address 0x90 (Note1) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|
| | Attribute | Offset(SMBUS) | BitNum | Value |
| LAN_ID3 | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 3 | (Table 1) |
| LAN_ID2 | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 2 | (Table 1) |
| LAN_ID1 | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 1 | (Table 1) |
| LAN_ID0 | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 0 | (Table 1) |
| PWR_ON | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 6 | (Table 2) |
| PWR_OFF | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 5 | (Table 2) |
| WDT_EN | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 4 | (Table 2) |
| ACT_EN | R/W | 0x01(Note2) | 7 | (Table 2) |

C.2.3 Sample Code

```
*****
#define ByteCPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define ByteOFFSET //This parameter is represented from Note2
*****

// Select Lan Pair
BYTE bLanSel = LAN_PAIR;

BYTE bData = SmbusReadByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET);
// Set Reg01h bit3
if(bLanSel & 0x08)
    bData = bData | 0x08;
else
    bData = bData & 0xF7;
// Set Reg01h bit2
if(bLanSel & 0x04)
    bData = bData | 0x04;
else
    bData = bData & 0xFB;
// Set Reg01h bit1
if(bLanSel & 0x02)
    bData = bData | 0x02;
else
    bData = bData & 0xFD;
// Set Reg01h bit0
if(bLanSel & 0x01)
    bData = bData | 0x01;
else
    bData = bData & 0xFE;

// Power On Action (Reg01h bit6)
if(SET_PASS_THROUGH) // Pass Through
    bData = bData & 0xBF;
else // Bypass
    bData = bData | 0x40;

// Power Off Action (Reg01h bit5)
if(SET_PASS_THROUGH) // Pass Through
    bData = bData & 0xDF;
else // Bypass
```

```
bData = bData | 0x20;
```

```
// WDT Action (Reg01h bit4)
```

```
if(SET_WDT_RESET)// Reset
```

```
    bData = bData & 0xEF;
```

```
else // Bypass
```

```
    bData = bData | 0x10;
```

```
SmbusWriteByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET, bData);
```

```
// Apply Settings (Reg01h bit7)
```

```
bData = SmbusReadByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET);
```

```
SmbusWriteByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET, bData & 0x7F);
```

```
Sleep(500);
```

```
bData = SmbusReadByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET);
```

```
SmbusWriteByte(CPLD_SLAVE_ADDRESS, OFFSET, bData | 0x80);
```

```
*****
```

C.3 Software Reset button (General Propose Input)

C.3.1 Introduction

The FWS-7360 provides a general propose input button which gets its status by the AAEON SDK.

C.3.2 LAN Bypass Configuration

Table 2 : LAN Bypass relative register table

| Function | Description |
|----------|--|
| BTN_STS | Reading this register returns the pin level status which is normal high active low. 0: Pin Level States Low. 1: Pin Level States High. |

Table 1 : Soft Reset Button register mapping table

| | Attribute | Register(I/O) | BitNum | Value |
|---------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------|
| BTN_STS | R | 0xA05(Note1) | 4(Note2) | (Note3) |

C.3.3 Sample Code

```
*****
#define Word      BTN_STS      //This parameter is represented from Note1
#define ByteBTN_STS_R      //This parameter is represented from Note2
*****
Byte  GET_Value (Word IoAddr, Byte BitNum,Byte Value){
    BYTE TmpValue;

    TmpValue = inportb (IoAddr);
    return  (TmpValue & (1 << BitNum))
}
*****
VOID  Main(){
    Byte RstBtn;

    RstBtn = GET_Value (BTN_STS, BTN_STS_R); // Active Low
}
*****
```